

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 6977

January Session, 2005

_____HB06977JUD___041305_____

AN ACT CONCERNING THE REVISOR'S TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE GENERAL STATUTES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 1-1g of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 3 passage):
- 4 (b) As used in subsection (a) of this section, "general intellectual
- 5 functioning" means the results obtained by assessment with one or
- 6 more of the individually administered general intelligence tests
- 7 developed for that purpose and standardized on a significantly
- 8 adequate population and administered by a person or persons
- 9 formally trained in test administration; "significantly subaverage"
- 10 means an intelligence quotient more than two standard deviations
- 11 below the mean for the test; "adaptive behavior" means the
- 12 effectiveness or degree with which an individual meets the standards
- 13 of personal independence and social responsibility expected for the
- 14 individual's age and cultural group; and "developmental period"
- 15 means the period of time between birth and the eighteenth birthday.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 1-58 of the general statutes is
- 17 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 18 passage):

- 19 (c) If the notarial act is performed by a person other than one 20 described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, there is sufficient 21 proof of the authority of that person to act if the clerk of a court of 22 record in the place in which the notarial act is performed certifies to 23 the official character of that person and to his authority to perform the 24 notarial act.
- 25 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 1-226 of the general statutes is 26 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 27 passage):
 - (b) Any such public agency may adopt rules governing such recording, photography or the use of such broadcasting equipment for radio and television stations but, in the absence of the adoption of such rules and regulations by such public agency prior to the meeting, such recording, photography or the use of such radio and television equipment shall be permitted as provided in subsection (a) of this section.
- 35 Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 2-32b of the general statutes is 36 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 37 passage):
- 38 (c) The estimate required by subsection (b) of this section shall be 39 the estimated cost to local governments for the first fiscal year in which 40 the bill takes effect. If such bill does not take effect on the first day of 41 the fiscal year, the estimate shall also indicate the estimated cost to 42 local governments for the next following fiscal year. If a bill is 43 amended by the report of a committee on conference in such a manner 44 as to result in a cost to local governments, the Office of Fiscal Analysis 45 shall append an estimate of such cost to the report before the report is 46 made to either house of the General Assembly.
- 47 Sec. 5. Section 3-13c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*): 48
- 49 Trust funds as used in sections 3-13 to 3-13e, inclusive, and 3-31b

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- 50 shall be construed to include Connecticut Municipal Employees'
- 51 Retirement Fund A, Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement
- 52 Fund B, Soldiers, Sailors and Marines Fund, State's [Attorney]
- 53 Attorneys' Retirement Fund, Teachers' Annuity Fund, Teachers'
- 54 Pension Fund, Teachers' Survivorship and Dependency Fund, School
- 55 Fund, State Employees Retirement Fund, the Hospital Insurance Fund,
- 56 Policemen and Firemen Survivor's Benefit Fund and all other trust
- 57 funds administered, held or invested by the Treasurer.
- 58 Sec. 6. Subsection (b) of section 3-21b of the general statutes is
- 59 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 60 passage):
- 61 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
- 62 any consolidated amounts, as defined in section 8-37rr.
- 63 Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 3-25 of the general statutes is
- 64 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 65 passage):
- 66 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the
- 67 Treasurer shall pay out the public moneys only upon the order of the
- 68 General Assembly, of the Senate, of the House of Representatives, of
- 69 the several courts when legally authorized or of the Comptroller for
- 70 accounts legally adjusted by him or when he is authorized to order for
- 71 the payment of money from the Treasury. He shall pay no warrant or
- 72 order for the disbursement of public money until the same has been
- 73 registered in the office of the Comptroller. The Comptroller shall not
- 74 issue any warrant, draft or order except upon (1) an adequate
- 75 expenditure voucher which shall be retained in his office for the period
- 76 provided by law, (2) certification by an expending agency which
- 77 retains an adequate expenditure voucher in accordance with such
- procedures as the Comptroller may prescribe, or (3) upon certification 78
- 79 by the chief executive officer of a constituent unit of the state system of
- 80 higher education, provided, in the case of the Connecticut State
- 81 University system, the certification may be made by the chief executive

- officer of a state university, as provided in subsection (b) of section 3-83 117.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 3-119 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The Comptroller shall pay all salaries and wages not less than ten calendar days [nor] or more than fifteen calendar days after the close of the payroll period in which the services were rendered, except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, but shall draw no order in payment for any service of which the payroll officer of the state has official knowledge without the signed statement of the latter that all employees listed on the payroll of each agency have been duly appointed to authorized positions and have rendered the services for which payment is to be made. The Comptroller is authorized to develop, install and operate a comprehensive fully documented electronic system for effective personnel data, for payment of compensation to all state employees and officers and for maintenance of a chronological and permanent record of compensation paid to each employee and officer for the state employees retirement system and other purposes. The Comptroller is authorized to establish an accounting procedure to implement this section.
- Sec. 9. Subsection (b) of section 4-7 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a vacancy occurs in the office of any department head while the General Assembly is in regular session, the Governor shall, within thirty calendar days of the occurrence of the vacancy, submit his nomination to fill the vacancy to either house of the General Assembly. The house to which the nomination is submitted shall immediately refer the nomination to its committee on executive nominations, which shall report thereon by resolution within ten legislative days from the date of reference. Such house shall confirm or reject said nomination. If

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such house, by resolution, confirms the nomination within thirty calendar days after it is submitted, the nominee shall forthwith take office to serve at the pleasure of the Governor but no longer than the original appointee could have served under his appointment. If such house rejects the nomination within thirty calendar days after it is submitted, the Governor shall, within thirty calendar days, submit another nomination to either house of the General Assembly, provided, if any nomination is submitted less than thirty calendar days before the date established by the Constitution for adjournment of the General Assembly, and the house to which it is submitted fails to confirm or reject the nomination before its adjournment on said date, the procedure prescribed in subsection (c) of this section shall be followed.

- (2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of any department head prior to the first day of March during the first regular session of the General Assembly following the election of a new Governor, the nominee of the newly elected Governor may exercise the powers and duties of the office as provided in section 4-8, as designate, until the nomination is confirmed or rejected pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 133 Sec. 10. Subsection (b) of section 4-20 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 134 135 passage):
 - (b) All state officers, state employees and other persons, other than those listed in subsection (a) of this section, who in the opinion of the board should be bonded, shall be bonded, the amount, condition and form to be determined by the board. Bonds taken pursuant to this subsection shall be purchased by the board, at the request of the Comptroller at state expense from a company or companies authorized to issue such bonds and having an office and licensed to do business in this state. The Comptroller may, at any time, request that any such bond be cancelled or terminated and any rebate of premium thereon shall be returned to the Comptroller for deposit in the General Fund.

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- (b) Any employee of a state institution who is a member of its regular or volunteer fire department or institutional fire brigade who is injured or dies as a result of responding to, working at or returning from a fire outside of such institution, in accordance with an agreement entered into under subsection (a) of this section with the municipality in which the fire occurred, shall be deemed to have been injured in the course of his employment and he and his estate shall be entitled to all the benefits of title 5 and chapter 568, provided the superintendent of such institution shall have authorized his service at such fire.
- Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 4-67m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) The goals, objectives and measures developed for each such agency pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be implemented for the biennium beginning July 1, 1993. The Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with each such agency, shall review and revise such goals, objectives and measures for each biennium thereafter.
- Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 4-85 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Before an appropriation becomes available for expenditure, each budgeted agency shall submit to the Governor through the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, not less than twenty days before the beginning of the fiscal year for which such appropriation was made, a requisition for the allotment of the amount estimated to be necessary to carry out the purposes of such appropriation during each quarter of such fiscal year. Appropriations for capital outlays may be

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- 178 allotted in any manner the Governor deems advisable. Such requisition
- shall contain any further information required by the Secretary of the
- 180 Office of Policy and Management. The Governor shall approve such
- requisitions, subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.
- Sec. 14. Subsection (c) of section 4-85 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 184 passage):
- (c) If a plan submitted in accordance with subsection (b) of this
- 186 <u>section</u> indicates that a reduction of more than three per cent of the
- total appropriation from any fund or more than five per cent of any
- 188 appropriation is required to prevent a deficit, the Governor may
- 189 request that the Finance Advisory Committee approve any such
- 190 reduction, provided any modification which would result in a
- 191 reduction of more than five per cent of total appropriations shall
- require the approval of the General Assembly.
- 193 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 4-168 of the general statutes is
- 194 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 195 passage):
- (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, an agency,
- 197 prior to adopting a proposed regulation, shall: (1) Give at least thirty
- 198 days' notice by publication in the Connecticut Law Journal of its
- intended action. The notice shall include (A) either a statement of the
- 200 terms or of the substance of the proposed regulation or a description
- 201 sufficiently detailed so as to apprise persons likely to be affected of the
- 202 issues and subjects involved in the proposed regulation, (B) a
- statement of the purposes for which the regulation is proposed, (C) a
- 204 reference to the statutory authority for the proposed regulation, and
- 205 (D) when, where and how interested persons may present their views
- on the proposed regulation; (2) give notice by mail to each joint
- standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of the
- subject matter of the proposed regulation; (3) give notice by mail to all
- 209 persons who have made requests to the agency for advance notice of

210 its regulation-making proceedings. The agency may charge a 211 reasonable fee for such notice based on the estimated cost of providing 212 the service; (4) provide a copy of the proposed regulation to persons 213 requesting it. The agency may charge a reasonable fee for copies in 214 accordance with the provisions of section 1-212; (5) following 215 publication of the notice in the Connecticut Law Journal, prepare a 216 fiscal note, including (A) an estimate of the cost or of the revenue 217 impact on the state or any municipality of the state, and (B) if 218 applicable, the regulatory flexibility analysis prepared under section 4-219 168a. The governing body of any municipality, if requested, shall 220 provide the agency, within twenty working days, with any 221 information that may be necessary for analysis in preparation of such 222 fiscal note; (6) afford all interested persons reasonable opportunity to 223 submit data, views or arguments, orally at a hearing granted under 224 subdivision (7) of this subsection or in writing, and to inspect and copy 225 the fiscal note prepared pursuant to subdivision (5) of this subsection; 226 (7) grant an opportunity to present oral argument if requested by 227 fifteen persons, by a governmental subdivision or agency or by an 228 association having not less than fifteen members, if notice of the 229 request is received by the agency within fourteen days after the date of 230 publication of the notice; and (8) consider fully all written and oral 231 submissions respecting the proposed regulation and revise the fiscal 232 note in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (5) of this 233 subsection to indicate any changes made in the proposed regulation. 234 No regulation shall be found invalid due to the failure of an agency to 235 give notice to each committee of cognizance pursuant to subdivision 236 (2) of this subsection, provided one such committee has been so 237 notified.

238 Sec. 16. Subsection (g) of section 4-168 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 240 passage):

(g) If an agency finds (1) that technical amendments to an existing regulation are necessary because of (A) the statutory transfer of functions, powers or duties from the agency named in the existing

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- 244 regulation to another agency, (B) a change in the name of the agency, 245 (C) the renumbering of the section of the general statutes containing 246 the statutory authority for the regulation, or (D) a correction in the 247 numbering of the regulation, and no substantive changes are 248 proposed, or (2) that the repeal of a regulation is necessary because the 249 section of the general statutes under which the regulation has been 250 adopted has been repealed and has not been transferred or reenacted, it may elect to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this 252 section or may proceed without prior notice or hearing. Any such 253 amendments to or repeal of a regulation shall be submitted in the form 254 and manner prescribed in subsection (b) of section 4-170, to the 255 Attorney General, as provided in section 4-169, and to the standing 256 legislative regulation review committee, as provided in section 4-170, 257 for approval and upon approval shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the State with, in the case of renumbering of sections only, 259 a correlated table of the former and new section numbers.
- 260 Sec. 17. Subsection (c) of section 4-170 of the general statutes is 261 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 262 passage):
 - (c) The committee shall review all proposed regulations and, in its discretion, may hold public hearings thereon, and may approve, disapprove or reject without prejudice, in whole or in part, any such regulation. If the committee fails to so approve, disapprove or reject without prejudice a proposed regulation, within sixty-five days after the date of submission as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the committee shall be deemed to have approved the proposed regulation for purposes of this section.
- 271 Sec. 18. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 4-173 of the general 272 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 273 (*Effective from passage*):
- 274 (a) The Commission on Official Legal Publications shall publish and 275 distribute a compilation of all effective regulations adopted by all state

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agencies subsequent to October 27, 1970, except regulations adopted pursuant to subsection [(e)] (f) of section 4-168. Such publication may be a supplement to or revision of the most current compilation, and shall be published at least semiannually. The Commission on Official Legal Publications may omit from such compilation (1) any regulation that is incorporated by reference into a Connecticut regulation and published by or otherwise available in printed form from a federal agency, a government agency of another state or a commercial publishing company, [or] (2) any regulation that is too expensive to publish, or (3) any regulation the publication of which would be unduly cumbersome. If [such] the commission omits a regulation from the compilation, it shall publish in the compilation a notice identifying the omitted regulation, stating the general subject matter of the regulation and stating an address, telephone number and any other information needed to obtain a copy of the regulation. Such address and telephone number shall be kept current in each semiannual publication of the compilation. The commission shall publish any regulation that has been omitted from publication under subdivision (2) of this subsection as soon as the commission has sufficient funds.

(b) The Commission on Official Legal Publications shall in addition cause to be published in the Connecticut Law Journal at least monthly the text of all regulations received by [such] the commission from the office of the Secretary of the State pursuant to section 4-172 during the preceding month. The commission may omit from the Connecticut Law Journal (1) any regulation submitted in accordance with subsection [(f)] (g) of section 4-168, for the purposes of renumbering sections only, if a correlated table of the former and new section numbers is published in lieu of the full text, (2) any regulation that is incorporated by reference into a Connecticut regulation and published by or otherwise available in printed form from a federal agency, a government agency of another state or a commercial publishing company, and (3) any regulation the publication of which would be too expensive or unduly cumbersome. If [such] the commission omits a regulation from publication in the Connecticut Law Journal under

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- 310 subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection, the commission shall publish
- 311 in the Connecticut Law Journal a notice identifying the omitted
- 312 regulation, stating the general subject matter of the regulation and
- 313 stating an address, telephone number and any other information
- 314 needed to obtain a copy of the regulation.
- Sec. 19. Subsection (c) of section 4a-67h of the general statutes is
- 316 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 317 passage):
- 318 (c) Not later than January 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the
- 319 department shall: (1) Develop and maintain information about
- 320 environmentally preferable products, services and practices procured
- 321 through the department, including, but not limited to, products,
- 322 services and practices that minimize global warming impact and
- 323 recycled products; (2) provide assistance with the implementation of
- 324 the procedures developed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section
- and provide information to agencies about the use of environmentally
- 326 preferable products and services; and (3) monitor the use of
- 327 environmentally preferable products, services and practices and
- 328 recycled products by state agencies. Such information compiled
- 329 pursuant to this subsection shall designate those products, services or
- 330 practices that cost the same as or less than other similar products,
- 331 services or practices.
- Sec. 20. Subsection (b) of section 4a-72 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 334 passage):
- 335 (b) As used in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, "good
- faith dispute" means: (1) A contention by the state that goods delivered
- or services rendered were: (A) Of less quantity or quality than ordered
- or specified by contract; (B) faulty; or (C) installed improperly; or (2)
- any other reason giving cause for the withholding of payment by the
- state until such dispute is settled.
- Sec. 21. Subsection (b) of section 4b-23 of the general statutes is

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- (b) On or before December first of each even-numbered year, the Commissioner of Public Works shall provide the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management with a review of the plans and requests submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for consistency with realistic cost factors, space requirements, space standards, implementation schedules, priority needs, objectives of the Commissioner of Public Works in carrying out his responsibilities under section 4b-30 and the need for the maintenance, improvement and replacement of state facilities.
- Sec. 22. Subsection (a) of section 4b-52 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a)(1) No repairs, alterations or additions involving expense to the state of five hundred thousand dollars or less or, in the case of repairs, alterations or additions to a building rented or occupied by a constituent unit of the state system of higher education, two million dollars or less shall be made to any state building or premises occupied by any state officer, department, institution, board, commission or council of the state government and no contract for any construction, repairs, alteration or addition shall be entered into without the prior approval of the Commissioner of Public Works, except repairs, alterations or additions to a building under the supervision and control of the Joint Committee on Legislative Management and repairs, alterations or additions to a building under the supervision of The University of Connecticut. Repairs, alterations or additions which are made pursuant to such approval of the Commissioner of Public Works shall conform to all guidelines and procedures established by the Department of Public Works for agency-administered projects. (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, repairs, alterations or additions involving expense to the state of one hundred thousand dollars or less may be made to any state building or

- 375 premises under the supervision of the Office of the Chief Court 376 Administrator or a constituent unit of the state system of higher 377 education, under the terms of section 4b-11, and any contract for any 378 such construction, repairs or alteration may be entered into by the 379 Office of the Chief Court Administrator or a constituent unit of the 380 state system of higher education without the approval of the 381 Commissioner of Public Works.
- Sec. 23. Subsection (d) of section 4b-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (d) The Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism shall, with respect to <u>a</u> work of art in any project under subsection (b) of this section, be responsible for the selection of any artist, artisan or craftsperson, review of any design or plan, and execution, completion, acceptance and placement of such work of art, provided any work of art to be located in any building under the supervision, security, utilization and control of the Joint Committee on Legislative Management shall be approved by said committee. The Commissioner of Public Works, in consultation with said commission, (1) shall be responsible for the contractual arrangements with any such artist, artisan or craftsperson, and (2) shall [prescribe] <u>adopt</u> regulations concerning implementation of the purposes of subsection (b) of this section and this subsection.
- Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 4b-58 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) In determining fair and reasonable compensation to be paid in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, the commissioner shall consider, in the following order of importance, the professional competence of the consultant, the technical merits of the proposal, the ability of the firm to perform the required services within the time and budgetary limits of the contract and the price for which the services are

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- Sec. 25. Subsections (c) and (d) of section 5-142 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 411 (c) If a member of the Division of State Police within the 412 Department of Public Safety who is not subject to the federal Insurance 413 Contributions Act for such employment becomes or became disabled 414 on or after July 1, 1979, and (1) the disability is not compensable under 415 the terms of subsection (a) of this section and he elects or elected to 416 receive disability retirement benefits under the provisions of section 5-417 169 or [section] 5-192p, or (2) he elects or elected to receive such 418 disability retirement benefits in lieu of benefits otherwise available 419 under subsection (a) of this section, the member shall be eligible to 420 receive benefits under the provisions of subsection (d) of this section. 421 Notwithstanding any [other] provision of the general statutes, the 422 benefits granted under subsection (d) of this section shall be deemed to 423 be federal Social Security disability benefits for purposes of calculating 424 the maximum benefits available under the provisions of section 5-169 425 or 5-192p. Any disability Social Security benefits payable to or on 426 behalf of such member shall also be recognized for purposes of 427 calculating such maximum benefits. For the purposes of this 428 subsection, "disability" means any medically determinable injury or 429 physical or mental impairment which permanently prevents the 430 discharge of normal police functions by any member of the Division of 431 State Police, provided the Commissioner of Public Safety cannot find a 432 suitable position within the agency for such member. The 433 determination as to whether a member is so disabled shall be made by 434 of physicians established board under section 5-169. 435 Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in section 5-169, the 436 maximum benefit limitation as set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of 437 subsection (g) of section 5-169 shall apply to any member receiving the 438 new benefits provided by subsection (d) of this section.
 - (d) Commencing on May 8, 1984, or the date of disability, if later,

each such disabled member of the Division of State Police within the Department of Public Safety shall receive a monthly allowance payable by the state employees retirement system, so long as the member remains so disabled, as follows: (1) To a disabled member, a monthly allowance of three hundred dollars for his lifetime; (2) if such disabled member is married, an additional monthly allowance of two hundred fifty dollars payable to the member and payable for the member's lifetime or until the spouse's divorce from the member; (3) if there are less than three dependent children, a monthly allowance of two hundred fifty dollars payable to the member for each child until each such child reaches the age of eighteen or until the child's marriage if such occurs earlier; (4) if there are three or more dependent children, a monthly allowance of five hundred and seventy-five dollars payable to the member but deemed to be divided equally among them. As each such dependent child reaches the age of eighteen years, or marries, if such occurs earlier, the child's share shall be deemed divided equally among the remaining surviving children, provided each child's share shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars; when the shares payable on behalf of all but one of such dependent children have ceased, the disability benefit payable on behalf of the remaining child shall be two hundred fifty dollars. These benefits shall be integrated with the benefits of section 5-169 or 5-192p as if they were federal Social Security disability benefits in order to determine the maximum benefits payable to such disabled member. These benefits shall be subject to increases as provided in subsection (e) of this section. All benefits provided under this subsection shall be discontinued at the earlier of the member's recovery from disability or the member's death. If a disabled member dies, the survivor benefits provided under sections 5-146 to 5-150, inclusive, shall be payable.

Sec. 26. Subsection (b) of section 5-158b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(b) The sum to be paid to the retirement system by a state employee under subsection (a) of this section shall be without interest and may

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- by the State Employees Retirement Commission.
- Sec. 27. Subsection (f) of section 5-160 of the general statutes is
- 477 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 478 passage):
- (f) A temporary, emergency or provisional employee may elect to
- 480 become a member, effective on the first day of the pay period
- 481 following the date his election is received by the Retirement
- 482 Commission. At any time not later than the date six months after his
- 483 membership becomes mandatory under subsection (a) or (d) of this
- section, such employee may elect to make retirement contributions for
- his salary received during the period, not in excess of twelve months,
- 486 prior to the effective date of his membership, without interest. Such
- 487 contributions shall be paid within six months after his membership
- 488 becomes mandatory.
- Sec. 28. Subsection (e) of section 5-161 of the general statutes is
- 490 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 491 *passage*):
- 492 (e) Except as provided in subsection (c) of section 5-180, [(c),] a
- 493 member absent from state service without pay shall make no
- 494 contributions during his absence.
- Sec. 29. Subsection (d) of section 5-164 of the general statutes is
- 496 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 497 passage):
- 498 (d) A duly appointed and acting messenger or assistant messenger
- 499 of any constituent court of the Judicial Department who has reached
- 500 his retirement date may be reemployed, pursuant to section 51-78, in
- 501 the service of the court in which he has been a messenger at the salary
- 502 paid him at the time of his retirement. Such reemployment shall
- 503 continue until such time as the judges of said court terminate the same.
- 504 Subsection (b) [above] of this section does not apply to any such

- 505 messenger.
- 506 Sec. 30. Subsection (d) of section 5-164a of the general statutes is 507 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 508 passage):
- 509 (d) Upon the subsequent retirement of a member who has made an 510 election under subsection (a) of this section, or upon the expiration of 511 the term of office of a member of the General Assembly who has made 512 an election under subsection (b) of this section, his retirement income 513 shall be recomputed on the basis of his total period of credited state 514 service, excluding any period for which a retirement salary was paid 515 under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (c) of this section, and with 516 his base salary recomputed on the basis of his three highest-paid years 517 of his total state service.
- 518 Sec. 31. Subsection (b) of section 5-165 of the general statutes is 519 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 520 passage):
- 521 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, 522 a temporary minimum shall apply whenever the Retirement 523 Commission adopts revised factors which could result in a smaller 524 benefit to a member than would have been payable under the 525 previously existing factors. Such minimum shall be determined as 526 follows: (1) The benefit the member had earned as of the date of the 527 change in factors shall be calculated, based on his final earnings and 528 service as of that date; (2) any early retirement reduction in such 529 benefit shall be based upon his age, as determined on the date benefits 530 will commence, and his type of retirement; and (3) the option factor 531 shall be determined utilizing the factors in effect prior to such change, 532 but based on appropriate ages as of the date benefits will commence. If 533 such minimum results in a larger benefit, the larger benefit shall be 534 payable.
 - Sec. 32. Section 5-166 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) Except as provided in section 5-163a, a member who leaves state service before he is eligible for retirement but after completing at least ten years of state service, of which at least five years shall have immediately preceded the date of his leaving state service, shall continue to be a member, and shall be eligible for a retirement income as provided in section 5-162, but on a reduced actuarial basis as determined by the Retirement Commission, upon reaching his fiftyfifth birthday. Such vested retirement income shall not be subject to divestiture by subsequent employment unless the member withdraws his retirement contribution.

(b) (1) A member who leaves state service before he is eligible for retirement may elect to withdraw all of his retirement contributions, without interest, in lieu of any other benefits under this chapter. (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if such departure from state service or withdrawal of contributions occurs on or after October 1, 1982, the withdrawal of contributions shall include interest credited from January 1, 1982, or the first July first following the date of actual contribution, whichever is later, to the July first coincident with or preceding the date the employee leaves state service or withdraws contributions, whichever is later. Such interest shall be credited at the rate of five per cent per year. In addition, for the partial year during which the employee leaves state service or withdraws contributions, interest shall be credited at the rate of five-twelfths of one per cent multiplied by the full number of months completed during that year, such interest rate to be applied to the value of contributions as of the first day of that year. A member who so leaves before completing the service requirements of subsection (a) of this section and without so electing shall be conclusively presumed to have made such an election if he is not reemployed by the state within five years; provided, if such member has not requested such withdrawal within ten years after he left state service, or if his contributions are less than ten dollars and such election is not made within six months after he leaves state service, his contributions shall revert to the retirement fund. At any time

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- 573 (c) Retroactive Social Security taxes deducted from contributions 574 previously made by a member because of the retroactive effective date 575 of the Social Security Agreement shall be excluded in determining the
- amount of any payment under subsection (b) of this section.
- (d) A member who leaves state service before he is eligible for retirement and before completing the service requirement of subsection (a) of this section shall thereupon lose his status as a member.
- 581 (e) A member who is eligible for retirement when he leaves state 582 service may not elect to withdraw his retirement contributions in lieu 583 of receiving retirement income payments at such time as they are 584 payable, provided any such member who is eligible to participate in or 585 is a participating member of the Connecticut teachers' retirement 586 system may elect to have transferred to such system his contributions 587 and earned interest in the state employees retirement system for credit 588 pursuant to the requirements of the teachers' retirement system.
- Sec. 33. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 5-167 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) A former member who withdrew his retirement contributions and who is reemployed in state service within five years after he left state service, or who is reemployed and due to such reemployment is covered by the provisions of the tier I plan as determined under subsection (a) of section 5-192e, may elect to return his withdrawn contributions and interest paid on such contributions to the state, with interest as provided in subsection (c) [below] of this section. Service can be restored only if payments commence within two years after reemployment or on or before January 1, 1985, if later.
- (b) A member who was in state service before September 1, 1939,

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but did not become a member before September 1, 1941, may elect to make retirement contributions in the amount which would have been due from him from September 1, 1939, to the date of his election, had he been a member throughout this period, with interest as provided in subsection (c) [below] of this section.

Sec. 34. Subsection (h) of section 5-169 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(h) As of each anniversary date, as defined in section 5-162d, of such retired employee, the benefits provided under this section shall be subject to the following adjustments: (1) The benefits provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be subject to the increase provided in section 5-162d or [section] 5-162h, whichever is appropriate; (2) the net maximum benefit provided in subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section shall be subject to the increase provided in section 5-162d or [section] 5-162h, whichever is appropriate; (3) this subdivision shall apply only to the maximum benefit provided in subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of this section which shall only be considered if the member had outside earned salary or wages. The salary as described in subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of this section shall be increased by the percentage compensation increase that would have applied to an employee in the position and "step" of the member, at the date of disability had that employee continued to be employed and continued automatic progression to the maximum "step" for his classification. On the date of recomputation of benefits, the offsets for workers' compensation and federal Social Security shall be increased by that same percentage or the percentage increase granted under the cost-of-living provision of the Workers' Compensation Act and the Social Security Act respectively, whichever is less. This offset amount shall be adjusted to reflect any change in these benefits other than those resulting from the cost-of-living provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act or the Social Security Act. In no case shall the offset be greater than the actual benefits paid. Outside earned salary or wages shall reflect actual

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Sec. 35. Subsection (b) of section 5-170 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) Retirement income payments made to a member receiving disability payments and necessary medical and hospital expenses under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act, as set forth in chapter 568, shall be reduced for any period for which such disability payments are being made or have been made, except as provided in subsection (c) [below] of this section. The amount of each reduced retirement income payment shall be determined in accordance with section 5-169. Unless the Retirement Commission has waived the overpayment in accordance with section 5-156c, in any case in which a member has received retirement income payments in excess of his entitlement under this subsection, the Comptroller shall act to recover such overpayments by any appropriate means, including (1) withholding such sums from future retirement income payments in

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- 670 accordance with regulations to be adopted by the Retirement 671 Commission in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, and (2) 672 petitioning the workers' compensation commissioner having 673 jurisdiction of the member's workers' compensation claim for an order 674 reducing the member's workers' compensation award by the amount 675 of such overpayment. The commissioner may enter such order 676 notwithstanding the provisions of section 31-320.
- 677 Sec. 36. Subsection (n) of section 5-200 of the general statutes is 678 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 679 passage):
- 680 (n) Any interested employee [,] or his representative or any appointing authority may submit to the commissioner written data, 682 views [,] or arguments or a request for a hearing in regard to specified 683 position classifications or allocation of a class of positions to the compensation schedule. Within two months after the commissioner 685 shall have received such data, views or arguments or shall have held any requested hearing, he shall forward to such employee, 686 687 representative or appointing authority his written decision thereon, 688 together with all written materials submitted to him by the interested 689 employee or his representative and such other information as he 690 considers appropriate.
- 691 Sec. 37. Subsection (a) of section 7-34a of the general statutes is 692 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 693 passage):
 - (a) Town clerks shall receive, for recording any document, ten dollars for the first page and five dollars for each subsequent page or fractional part thereof, a page being not more than eight and one-half by fourteen inches. Town clerks shall receive, for recording the information contained in a certificate of registration for the practice of any of the healing arts, five dollars. Town clerks shall receive, for recording documents conforming to, or substantially similar to, section 47-36c, which are clearly entitled "statutory form" in the heading of

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such documents, as follows: For the first page of a warranty deed, a quitclaim deed, a mortgage deed, or an assignment of mortgage, ten dollars; for each additional page of such documents, five dollars; and for each marginal notation of an assignment of mortgage, subsequent to the first two assignments, one dollar. Town clerks shall receive, for recording any document with respect to which certain data must be submitted by each town clerk to the [Commissioner of Revenue Services | Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management in accordance with section 10-261b, the sum of two dollars in addition to the recording fee. Any person who offers any written document for recording in the office of any town clerk, which document fails to have legibly typed, printed or stamped directly beneath the signatures the names of the persons who executed such document, the names of any witnesses thereto and the name of the officer before whom the same was acknowledged, shall pay one dollar in addition to the regular fee. Town clerks shall receive, for recording any deed, except a mortgage deed, conveying title to real estate, which deed does not contain the current mailing address of the grantee, the sum of five dollars in addition to the regular recording fee. Town clerks shall receive, for filing any document, five dollars; [,] for receiving and keeping a survey or map, legally filed in the town clerk's office, five dollars; and for indexing such survey or map, in accordance with section 7-32, five dollars, except with respect to indexing any such survey or map pertaining to a subdivision of land as defined in section 8-18, in which event town clerks shall receive fifteen dollars for each such indexing. Town clerks shall receive, for a copy of any document either recorded or filed in their offices, one dollar for each page or fractional part thereof, as the case may be; for certifying any copy of the same, one dollar; [,] for making a copy of any survey or map, the actual cost thereof; and for certifying such copy of a survey or map, one dollar. Town clerks shall receive, for recording the commission and oath of a notary public, ten dollars; and for certifying under seal to the official character of a notary, two dollars.

735 Sec. 38. Section 7-69 of the general statutes is repealed and the

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following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

No person except a licensed embalmer or funeral director licensed by the department, or licensed in a state having a reciprocal agreement on file with the department and complying with the terms of such agreement, shall remove the body of a deceased person, except that once [a dead body] the body of a deceased person has been embalmed or prepared in accordance with the Public Health Code and applicable provisions of the general statutes, a licensed embalmer or funeral director may authorize an unlicensed employee to transport such body. No person except a licensed embalmer or funeral director licensed by the department, or licensed in a state having a reciprocal agreement on file with the department, shall remove the body of any deceased person from this state to another state until a burial transit removal permit has been issued in accordance with section 7-65. No burial transit removal permit shall be issued unless the death certificate has been signed by a licensed embalmer or funeral director licensed by the department, or licensed in a state having a reciprocal agreement on file with the department and complying with the terms of such agreement. In the case of a deceased person who, at the time of death, had a communicable disease specified by the Public Health Code, the permit shall certify that the body was prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Public Health Code. Such permit shall be sufficient to permit the burial of such deceased person in any town in this state other than the town in which such person died, without a burial permit from the registrar of the town where such person is to be buried. If the body of a deceased person is brought into the state for burial and is accompanied by a burial transit removal permit issued by the legally constituted authorities of the state from which [it] such body was brought, such permit shall be received as sufficient authority for burial; [but] except that, if [it] such body is not accompanied by such permit, [then] the person or persons in charge of [it] such body shall apply for a burial permit to the registrar of vital statistics of the town in which [it] such body is to be buried, and such registrar shall issue such permit when furnished with such information

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as to the identity of the deceased <u>person</u> and the cause of death as is required by section 7-62b concerning a person dying in this state. Any person who violates any provision of this section, or who knowingly signs a false permit or knowingly allows a false permit to be used in lieu of a permit required by this section, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

Sec. 39. Section 7-137c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Any municipality may appropriate funds to extend or cause to have extended water mains (1) into areas to be used for industrial or commercial purposes or partly for industrial or commercial purposes and partly for residential purposes, or (2) into residential areas or into areas zoned for residential use. Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, the municipality may pay the cost of such extension or may require each owner of property which abuts any such main to reimburse the municipality such owner's proportionate share of the cost of such extension at such time and by such rule as the municipality by ordinance determines. Whenever the municipality and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may concur in determining the need for such extension in response to a community pollution problem, as defined [by] in section 22a-423, or in response to a bacterial contamination problem, the municipality may waive any such reimbursement to the municipality. In the case of land zoned for other than commercial or industrial purposes or classified, pursuant to sections 12-107a to 12-107e, inclusive, as farm land, forest land or open space land, on the last-completed grand list of the municipality in which such land is located, which exceeds by more than one hundred per cent the size of the smallest lot permitted in the lowest density residential zone allowed under zoning regulations, or in the case of a town having no zoning regulations, a lot size of one acre in area and one hundred fifty feet in frontage, assessment of such excess land shall be deferred until such time as such excess land shall be built upon or a building permit issued therefor or until approval of a subdivision plan of such excess property by the planning commission having

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jurisdiction, whichever event occurs first, at which time assessment may be made as [herein] provided in this section. The municipality shall place a caveat on the land records in each instance where an assessment is deferred. Such share shall represent a reasonable proportion of the total cost of such water mains, including materials, installation, pumping stations, service connections, curb, sidewalk and highway repairs and the cost of installation of gate-valves or shutoffs, if any; except that, if residential or agricultural property or property zoned for residential or agricultural use abuts lines of construction of water mains to be used for industrial or commercial purposes or partly for industrial or commercial purposes, and such property is not being used for such purposes, the proportionate share of the owners of such property shall be computed on a front-foot or other equitable basis for a standard or minimum size main. Such shares shall be proportioned in such a way as to ultimately leave the municipality free of any of the cost of the extension of the water main and expenses incidental thereto, except where any portion of such water service is to be used for a municipal purpose in which instance the municipality shall contribute a fair proportion of the expense representing such proportionate municipal share. Within sixty days of an assessment under this section, the owner of any property so assessed may appeal to the superior court for the judicial district within which such land is situated from the valuation of his assessment, by service of process made in accordance with the provisions of section [52-67] 52-57. Such appeal shall be a privileged case and shall not stay any proceeding under this section. The court shall have the power to grant such relief as to justice and equity appertains, upon such terms and in such manner and form as appears equitable.

- Sec. 40. Section 7-148b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, any town, city or borough may, through its legislative body, create a fair rent commission to make studies and investigations, conduct hearings and complaints receive relative rental housing to charges on

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- 838 accommodations, except those accommodations rented on a seasonal 839 basis, within its jurisdiction, which term shall include mobile 840 manufactured homes and mobile manufactured home park lots, in 841 order to control and eliminate excessive rental charges on such 842 accommodations, and to carry out the provisions of sections 7-148b to 843 7-148f, inclusive, section 47a-20 and subsection (b) of section 47a-23c. 844 The commission, for such purposes, may compel the attendance of 845 persons at hearings, issue subpoenas and administer oaths, issue 846 orders and continue, review, amend, terminate or suspend any of its 847 orders and decisions. The commission may be empowered to retain 848 legal counsel to advise it.
 - (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, "seasonal basis" means housing accommodations rented for a period or periods aggregating not more than one hundred twenty days in any one calendar year.
 - (c) Any town, city or borough in which the number of renteroccupied dwelling units is greater than five thousand, as determined by the most recent decennial census, and which does not have a fair rent commission on October 1, 1989, shall, on or before June 1, 1990, conduct a public hearing or public hearings and decide by majority vote of its legislative body whether to create a fair rent commission as provided in subsection (a) of this section. Any such town, city or borough which fails to act pursuant to the requirements of this subsection shall, not later than June 1, 1991, create such fair rent commission.
 - (d) Any two or more towns, cities or boroughs not subject to the requirements of subsection (c) of this section may, through their legislative bodies, create a joint fair rent commission.
- 866 Sec. 41. Section 7-294a of the general statutes is repealed and the 867 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 868 As used in this section and sections 7-294b to 7-294e, inclusive, 869 "academy" means the Connecticut Police Academy; "applicant" means

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a prospective police officer who has not commenced employment or service with a law enforcement unit; "basic training" means the minimum basic law enforcement training received by a police officer at the academy or at any other certified law enforcement training academy; "certification" means the issuance by the Police Officer Standards and Training Council to a police officer, police training school or [to a] law enforcement instructor of a signed instrument evidencing satisfaction of the certification requirements imposed by section 7-294d, and signed by the council; "council" means the Police Officer Standards and Training Council; "Governor" includes any person performing the functions of the Governor by authority of the law of this state; "review training" means training received after minimum basic law enforcement training; "law enforcement unit" means any agency, organ or department of this state or a subdivision or municipality thereof, whose primary functions include the enforcement of criminal or traffic laws, the preservation of public order, the protection of life and property, or the prevention, detection or investigation of crime; "police officer" means a sworn member of an organized local police department, an appointed constable who performs criminal law enforcement duties, a special policeman appointed under section 29-18, 29-18a or 29-19 or any member of a law enforcement unit who performs police duties; "probationary candidate" means a police officer who, having satisfied preemployment requirements, has commenced employment with a law enforcement unit but who has not satisfied the training requirements provided for in section 7-294d; and "school" means any school, college, university, academy or training program approved by the council which offers law enforcement training and includes a combination of a course curriculum, instructors and facilities.

Sec. 42. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 8-26a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(2) (A) Any construction on a vacant lot <u>shown</u> on a subdivision or resubdivision plan approved before, on or after June 1, 2004, shall not

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- 904 be required to conform to a change in the zoning regulations or 905 boundaries of zoning districts in a town, city or borough adopted after 906 the approval of the subdivision or resubdivision. Notwithstanding 907 subdivision (1) of this subsection, any construction on an improved lot 908 shown on a subdivision or resubdivision plan approved before, on or 909 after June 1, 2004, shall be required to conform to a zoning change 910 adopted subsequent to said lot becoming an improved lot.
 - (B) For purposes of this subsection, (i) a lot shall be deemed vacant until the date a building permit is issued with respect thereto and a foundation has been completed in accordance with such building permit but shall not be deemed vacant if any structures on such lot are subsequently demolished, and (ii) a lot shall be deemed improved after the date a building permit is issued with respect thereto and a foundation has been completed in accordance with such building permit.
- 919 Sec. 43. Subsection (a) of section 8-208b of the general statutes is 920 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 921 passage):
 - (a) A Neighborhood Housing Services Program Fund is hereby created. There shall be deposited in said fund all moneys received by or appropriated to the Department of Economic and Community Development from time to time therefor. Amounts in said fund shall be used for the purpose of making grants-in-aid to any duly organized neighborhood housing services corporation in the state, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- 929 Sec. 44. Subsections (f) and (g) of section 8-218 of the general 930 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 931 (*Effective from passage*):
 - (f) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to administer the programs established under subsections (c) and (d) of this section. Such regulations shall establish maximum income levels for tenants

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and homeowners and provide for adjustment of income for family size and medical expenses and may set maximum loan amounts for loans made under subsection (c) of this section that are not secured and for grants made under subsection (d) of this section.

(g) On and after the effective date of regulations adopted under section 8-437, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall not accept any application for state financial assistance pursuant to this section except (1) an application by a community housing development corporation to establish or administer a loan fund under subsection (b) of this section, or (2) an application for a project or development not qualifying for financial assistance pursuant to section 8-433.

Sec. 45. Subsection (a) of section 8-219e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The state, acting by and in the discretion of the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, may enter into a contract with an eligible developer, as defined in section 8-39, a community housing development corporation, as defined in section 8-217, or any other person approved by the commissioner for state financial assistance in the form of a grant-in-aid, loan or deferred loan for technical assistance and the abatement of lead-based paint, asbestos and asbestos-containing material from a residential dwelling unit. In the case of a deferred loan, the contract shall require that payments on interest are due and payable but that payments on principal may be deferred to a time certain. Such grant-in-aid, loan or deferred loan, or combination thereof, shall not exceed the cost of such abatement, including expenses incurred in obtaining technical assistance for such abatement, and shall be awarded upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner may prescribe by regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 46. Subsection (a) of section 8-268 of the general statutes is

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repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) Whenever a program or project undertaken by a state agency or under the supervision of a state agency will result in the displacement of any person on or after July 6, 1971, the head of such state agency shall make payment to any displaced person, upon proper application as approved by such agency head, for (1) actual reasonable expenses in moving himself, his family, business, farm operation or other personal property, [;] (2) actual direct losses of tangible personal property as a result of moving or discontinuing a business or farm operation, but not to exceed an amount equal to the reasonable expenses that would have been required to relocate such property, as determined by the state agency, and (3) actual reasonable expenses in searching for a replacement business or farm, provided, whenever any tenant in any dwelling unit is displaced as the result of the enforcement of any code to which this section is applicable by any town, city or borough or agency thereof, the landlord of such dwelling unit shall be liable for any payments made by such town, city or borough pursuant to this section or by the state pursuant to subsection (b) of section 8-280, and the town, city or borough or the state may place a lien on any real property owned by such landlord to secure repayment to the town, city or borough or the state of such payments, which lien shall have the same priority as and shall be filed, enforced and discharged in the same manner as a lien for municipal taxes under chapter 205.

Sec. 47. Section 9-323 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Any elector or candidate who claims that he is aggrieved by any ruling of any election official in connection with any election for presidential electors and for a senator in Congress and for representative in Congress or any of them, held in his town, or that there was a mistake in the count of the votes cast at such election for candidates for such electors, senator in Congress and representative in Congress, or any of them, at any voting district in his town, or any

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candidate for such an office who claims that he is aggrieved by a violation of any provision of [sections] section 9-355, 9-357 to 9-361, inclusive, 9-364, 9-364a or 9-365 in the casting of absentee ballots at such election, may bring his complaint to any judge of the Supreme Court, in which he shall set out the claimed errors of such election official, the claimed errors in the count or the claimed violations of said sections. In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the complainant shall send a copy of the complaint by firstclass mail, or deliver a copy of the complaint by hand, to the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made prior to such election, such judge shall proceed expeditiously to render judgment on the complaint and shall cause notice of the hearing to be given to the Secretary of the State and the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made subsequent to the election, it shall be brought within fourteen days of the election and such judge shall forthwith order a hearing to be had upon such complaint, upon a day not more than five [nor] or less than three days from the making of such order, and shall cause notice of not less than three [nor] or more than five days to be given to any candidate or candidates whose election may be affected by the decision upon such hearing, to such election official, to the Secretary of the State, to the State Elections Enforcement Commission and to any other party or parties whom such judge deems proper parties thereto, of the time and place for the hearing upon such complaint. Such judge, with two other judges of the Supreme Court to be designated by the Chief Court Administrator, shall, on the day fixed for such hearing and without unnecessary delay, proceed to hear the parties. If sufficient reason is shown, such judges may order any voting machines to be unlocked or any ballot boxes to be opened and a recount of the votes cast, including absentee ballots, to be made. Such judges shall thereupon, in the case they, or any two of them, find any error in the rulings of the election official, any mistake in the count of such votes or any violation of said sections, certify the result of their finding or decision, or the finding or decision of a majority of them, to the Secretary of the State before the first Monday after the second Wednesday in December. Such judges may

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1036 order a new election or a change in the existing election schedule, 1037 provided such order complies with Section 302 of the Help America 1038 Vote Act, P.L. 107-252, as amended from time to time. Such certificate 1039 of such judges, or a majority of them, shall be final upon all questions 1040 relating to the rulings of such election officials, to the correctness of 1041 such count and, for the purposes of this section only, such claimed 1042 violations, and shall operate to correct the returns of the moderators or 1043 presiding officers so as to conform to such finding or decision.

Sec. 48. Section 9-371b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Any person (1) claiming to have been aggrieved by any ruling of any election official in connection with a referendum, (2) claiming that there has been a mistake in the count of votes cast for a referendum, or (3) claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of any provision of section 9-355, 9-357 to 9-361, inclusive, 9-364, 9-364a or 9-365 in the casting of absentee ballots at a referendum, may bring a complaint to any judge of the Superior Court for relief from such ruling, mistake or violation. In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the complainant shall send a copy of the complaint by first class mail, or deliver a copy of the complaint by hand, to the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made prior to such referendum, such judge shall proceed expeditiously to render judgment on the complaint and shall cause notice of the hearing to be given to the Secretary of the State and the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made subsequent to such referendum, it shall be brought within thirty days after such referendum to any judge of the Superior Court, in which the person shall set out the claimed errors of the election official, the claimed errors in the count or the claimed violations of said sections. Such judge shall forthwith order a hearing to be held upon such complaint, upon a day not more than five [nor] or less than three days from the making of such order, and shall cause notice of not less than three [nor] or more than five days to be given to any person who may be affected by the decision upon such hearing, to such election official, the

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Secretary of the State, the State Elections Enforcement Commission and to any other party or parties whom such judge deems proper parties to the hearing, of the time and place for the hearing upon such complaint. Such judge shall, on the day fixed for such hearing and without unnecessary delay, proceed to hear the parties. If sufficient reason is shown, such judge may order any voting machines to be unlocked or any ballot boxes to be opened and a recount of the votes cast, including absentee ballots, to be made. Such judge shall, if such judge finds any error in the rulings of the election official or any mistake in the count of the votes, certify the result of such judge's finding or decision to the Secretary of the State before the tenth day succeeding the conclusion of the hearing. Such judge may order a new referendum or a change in the existing referendum schedule. Such certificate of such judge's finding or decision shall be final and conclusive upon all questions relating to errors in the ruling of such election officials, to the correctness of such count, and, for the purposes of this section only, such claimed violations, and shall operate to correct the returns of the moderators or presiding officers, so as to conform to such finding or decision, except that this section shall not affect the right of appeal to the Supreme Court and it shall not prevent such judge from reserving such questions of law for the advice of the Supreme Court as provided in section 9-325. Such judge may, if necessary, issue a writ of mandamus, requiring the adverse party and those under such judge to deliver to the complainant the appurtenances of such office, and shall cause such judge's finding and decree to be entered on the records of the Superior Court in the proper judicial district.

Sec. 49. Subdivision (1) of subsection (k) of section 10-145b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(k) (1) Unless otherwise provided in regulations adopted under section 10-145d, in not less than three years [nor] or more than eight years after the issuance of a provisional educator certificate pursuant to subsection (g) of this section and upon the statement of the superintendent in whose school district such certificate holder was

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employed, or the supervisory agent of a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education, in whose school such certificate holder was employed, that the provisional educator certificate holder and such superintendent or supervisory agent have mutually determined or approved an individual program pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (j) of this section and upon the statement of such superintendent or supervisory agent that such certificate holder has a record of competency in the discharge of such certificate holder's duties during such provisional period, the state board upon receipt of a proper application shall issue such certificate holder a professional educator certificate. Α signed recommendation superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, for the local or regional board of education or from the supervisory agent of a nonpublic school approved by the State Board of Education shall be evidence of competency. Such recommendation shall state that the person who holds or has held a provisional educator certificate has successfully completed at least three school years of satisfactory teaching for one or more local or regional boards of education or such nonpublic schools. Each applicant for a certificate pursuant to this subsection shall provide to the Department of Education, in such manner and form as prescribed by the commissioner, evidence that the applicant has successfully completed coursework pursuant to subsection (h) or (j) of this section, as appropriate.

Sec. 50. Subsection (d) of section 10a-185 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(d) Any resolution or resolutions authorizing any bonds or any issue of bonds may contain provisions, which shall be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds to be authorized, as to: (1) Pledging the full faith and credit of the authority, the full faith and credit of a participating institution for higher education, a participating health care institution, a participating corporation or of a participating nursing home, all or any part of the revenues of a project or any revenue-producing contract or contracts made by the authority with

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any individual, partnership, corporation or association or other body, public or private, any federally guaranteed security and moneys received therefrom purchased with bond proceeds or any other property, revenues, funds or legally available moneys to secure the payment of the bonds or of any particular issue of bonds, subject to such agreements with bondholders as may then exist; (2) the rentals, fees and other charges to be charged, and the amounts to be raised in each year thereby, and the use and disposition of the revenues; (3) the setting aside of reserves or sinking funds, and the regulation and disposition thereof; (4) limitations on the right of the authority or its agent to restrict and regulate the use of the project; (5) the purpose and limitations to which the proceeds of sale of any issue of bonds then or thereafter to be issued may be applied, including as authorized purposes, all costs and expenses necessary or incidental to the issuance of bonds, to the acquisition of or commitment to acquire any federally guaranteed security and to the issuance and obtaining of any federally insured mortgage note, and pledging such proceeds to secure the payment of the bonds or any issue of the bonds; (6) limitations on the issuance of additional bonds, the terms upon which additional bonds may be issued and secured and the refunding of outstanding bonds; (7) the procedure, if any, by which the terms of any contract with bondholders may be amended or abrogated, the amount of bonds the holders of which must consent thereto, and the manner in which such consent may be given; (8) limitations on the amount of moneys derived from the project to be expended for operating, administrative or other expenses of the authority; (9) defining the acts or omissions to act which shall constitute a default in the duties of the authority to holders of its obligations and providing the rights and remedies of such holders in the event of a default; [,] and (10) the mortgaging of a project and the site thereof for the purpose of securing the bondholders.

Sec. 51. Subsection (c) of section 12-81r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

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- 1172 (c) A municipality shall notify the Commissioner of Environmental
 1173 Protection, the Commissioner of Economic and Community
 1174 Development and the Commissioner of the Office of Bolim and
- 1174 Development and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and
- 1175 Management not later than thirty days after granting any abatement or
- forgiveness of taxes under subsection (a) of this section. Such notice
- shall provide the owner or purchaser's name, as the case may be, and
- the address of the property.
- 1179 Sec. 52. Subsection (f) of section 12-285c of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 1181 passage):
- (f) The Commissioner of Revenue Services may impose a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each violation of this section. For purposes of this subsection, each shipment or transport of cigarettes shall constitute a separate violation. The Attorney General, upon request of the commissioner, may bring an
- 1187 action in the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to
- 1188 collect such [fine] civil penalty and for any injunctive or equitable
- 1189 relief. In any action brought by the Attorney General to enforce the
- provisions of section 12-285b or this section, the state shall be entitled
- to recover, when it is the prevailing party, the costs of investigation,
- expert witness fees, costs of the action, and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- Sec. 53. Subparagraph (A) of subdivision (82) of section 12-412 of the
- general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 1195 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1196 (A) The sale of and the storage, use or other consumption of any
- 1197 commercial motor vehicle, as defined in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of
- 1198 subdivision (13) of subsection (a) of section 14-1, that is operating
- 1199 pursuant to the provisions of section 13b-88 or 13b-89, during the
- 1200 period commencing upon its purchase and ending one year after the
- date of purchase, provided seventy-five per cent of its revenue from its
- days in service is derived from out-of-state trips or trips crossing state
- 1203 lines.

1204	Sec. 54. Subsection (b) of section 12-574c of the general statutes is
1205	repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
1206	passage):

- 1207 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, 1208 the division or the board may renew any license issued prior to May 1209 23, 1979, or issue such a license to a currently operating facility.
- 1210 Sec. 55. Subsection (e) of section 14-36a of the general statutes is 1211 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1212 passage):
- 1213 (e) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (d) of this 1214 section shall, for a first offense, be deemed to have committed an 1215 infraction and be fined not less than thirty-five dollars [nor] or more 1216 than fifty dollars and, for a subsequent offense, shall be fined not more 1217 than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or 1218 both.
- 1219 Sec. 56. Subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of section 14-44j of the 1220 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1221 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (2) Any employer which knowingly permits or requires a driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars [nor] or more than eleven thousand dollars.
- 1227 Sec. 57. Subsection (i) of section 14-44k of the general statutes is 1228 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1229 passage):
- 1230 (i) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, any 1231 person who violates an out-of-service order shall be disqualified from 1232 operating a commercial motor vehicle: (A) For a period of not less than 1233 ninety days [nor] or more than one year for a first violation; (B) for a

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- period of not less than one year [nor] or more than five years for a second violation during any ten-year period, where such violations arose from separate incidents; and (C) for a period of not less than three years [nor] or more than five years for a third or subsequent violation during any ten-year period, where such violations arose from separate incidents.
- (2) Any person who violates an out-of-service order while driving a vehicle transporting hazardous materials, required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 USC 1801 to 1813, inclusive, or a commercial motor vehicle designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle: (A) For a period of not less than one hundred eighty days [nor] or more than two years for a first violation, and (B) for a period of not less than three years [nor] or more than five years for a second or subsequent violation during any tenyear period, where such violations arose from separate incidents.
 - (3) In addition to the penalties provided in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, any person who violates an out-of-service order shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than one thousand one hundred dollars [nor] or more than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars.
 - Sec. 58. Subsection (b) of section 14-96a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
 - (b) Whenever in said sections any requirement is declared as to distance from which certain lamps and devices shall render objects visible or within which such lamps or devices shall be visible, such requirement shall apply during the times stated in subsection (a) of this section in respect to a vehicle without load when upon a straight, level, unlighted highway under normal atmospheric conditions unless a different time or condition is expressly stated.
- 1264 Sec. 59. Subsection (b) of section 14-196 of the general statutes is 1265 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from

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- (b) A person who: (1) With fraudulent intent, permits another, not entitled thereto, to use or have possession of a certificate of title; (2) wilfully fails to mail or deliver a certificate of title or application therefor to the commissioner within ten days after the time required by this chapter; (3) wilfully fails to deliver to his transferee a certificate of title within ten days after the time required by this chapter; or (4) wilfully violates any provision of this chapter, except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.
- 1276 Sec. 60. Section 14-223a of the general statutes is repealed and the 1277 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - Any operator of a motor vehicle who strikes any officer, as defined in section 14-1, or any fire police officer, appointed in accordance with section 7-313a, with such motor vehicle while such officer or fire police officer is engaged in traffic control or regulation, provided such officer is in uniform or prominently displaying the badge of his office [,] and such fire police officer is in compliance with the provisions of section 7-313a, [such operator] shall be deemed to have committed an infraction and shall be fined not less than one hundred fifty dollars [nor] or more than two hundred dollars and, for a subsequent offense, shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both.
 - Sec. 61. Subsection (a) of section 14-250 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
 - (a) The operator of each commercial motor vehicle transporting passengers, service bus or [of each] motor vehicle used for the transportation of school children and the operator of each commercial motor vehicle with a cargo tank or carrying hazardous materials, as defined in section 14-1, whether loaded or empty, before crossing at grade any track or tracks of a railroad, shall stop such vehicle not less

- 1298 than fifteen feet [nor] or more than fifty feet from the nearest rail of 1299 such track, and, while so stopped, shall listen and look in each 1300 direction along such track or tracks for approaching locomotives or 1301 trains before crossing such track or tracks; and such operator shall not, 1302 in any event, cross such track or tracks when warned by automatic 1303 signal, crossing gates, flagman, law enforcement officer or otherwise of 1304 the approach of a railroad locomotive or train.
- 1305 Sec. 62. Subsection (d) of section 14-250 of the general statutes is 1306 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1307 passage):
- 1308 (d) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be 1309 fined not less than one hundred fifty dollars [nor] or more than two 1310 hundred fifty dollars.
- 1311 Sec. 63. Subsection (c) of section 15-13 of the general statutes is 1312 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1313 passage):
- (c) Each license shall expire on the last day of December following 1314 1315 its issuance and may be renewed upon application and payment of the 1316 fee required by subsection (b) of this section, renewal of the bond 1317 required under subsection (b) of this section and proof of current 1318 federal licensure as required in subsection (a) of this section.
- 1319 Sec. 64. Subsection (a) of section 15-98 of the general statutes is 1320 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1321 passage):
 - (a) The Connecticut Wing Civil Air Patrol shall be within the Department of Public Safety and may expend funds, within available appropriations, for the acquisition, installation, conditioning, rental and maintenance of equipment and facilities and for expenses incurred in connection with senior and cadet training; provided no funds shall be expended for the purpose of uniforms or personal effects, or for salaries of members of said civil air patrol, except as set forth in

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- 1329 subsection (b) of this section.
- 1330 Sec. 65. Subsection (c) of section 16-19f of the general statutes is 1331 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 1332 passage):
- 1333 (c) The Department of Public Utility Control, with respect to each 1334 electric public service company, and each municipal electric company 1335 may implement any standard determined under subsection (b) of this 1336 section to be appropriate or decline to implement any such standard. If 1337 the department or a municipal electric company declines to implement 1338 any standard determined to be appropriate, it shall state in writing its 1339 reasons for doing so and make such statement available to the public.
- 1340 Sec. 66. Section 16a-29 of the general statutes is repealed and the 1341 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1342 The secretary shall consider the comments received at the public 1343 hearings and shall make any necessary or desirable revisions to said 1344 plan and within three months of completion of the public hearings 1345 submit the plan to the continuing legislative committee on state 1346 planning and development, for its approval, revision or disapproval, 1347 in whole or in part. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the 1348 secretary shall submit the [State Plan of] state Conservation and 1349 Development Policies Plan, 2004-2009, to said committee on or before 1350 December 1, 2004.
- 1351 Sec. 67. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 16a-41h of the general 1352 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 1353 (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Each electric and gas company, as defined in section 16-1, having at least seventy-five thousand customers, shall include in its monthly bills a request to each customer to add a one-dollar donation to the bill payment. Each company shall transmit all such donations received each month to Operation Fuel, Inc., a state-wide nonprofit organization designed to respond to people within the state who are in

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be distributed to nonprofit social services agencies and private fuel

1362 banks in accordance with guidelines established by the board of

1363 directors of Operation Fuel, Inc., provided such funds shall be

distributed on a priority basis to low-income elderly and working poor

1365 households which are not eligible for public assistance or state-

1366 administered general assistance but [who] are faced with a financial

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- (b) If Operation Fuel, Inc. ceases to exist, such electric and gas companies shall jointly establish a nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation for the purpose of holding in trust and distributing such customer donations. The board of directors of such corporation shall consist of eleven members appointed as follows: Four by the companies, each of which shall appoint one member; one by the president pro tempore of the Senate; one by the minority leader of the Senate; one by the speaker of the House of Representatives; one by the minority leader of the House of Representatives; and three by the Governor. The board shall distribute such funds to nonprofit organizations and social service agencies which provide emergency energy or fuel assistance. The board shall target available funding on a priority basis to low-income elderly and working poor households which are not eligible for public assistance or state-administered general assistance but [who] are faced with a financial crisis and are unable to make timely payments on winter fuel, electricity or gas bills.
- Sec. 68. Subsection (b) of section 17a-50 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) There shall be established, within existing resources, a Children's Trust Fund Council which shall be within the Department of Children and Families for administrative purposes only. The council shall be composed of sixteen members as follows: (1) The Commissioners of [the Departments of] Social Services, Education, Children and Families

1393 and Public Health, or their designees; (2) a representative of the 1394 business community with experience in fund-raising, appointed by the 1395 president pro tempore of the Senate; (3) a representative of the 1396 business community with experience in fund-raising, appointed by the 1397 speaker of the House of Representatives; (4) a representative of the 1398 business community with experience in fund-raising, appointed by the 1399 minority leader of the House of Representatives; (5) a representative of 1400 the business community with experience in fund-raising, appointed by 1401 the minority leader of the Senate; (6) a parent, appointed by the 1402 majority leader of the House of Representatives; (7) a parent, 1403 appointed by the majority leader of the Senate; (8) a parent, appointed 1404 by the president pro tempore of the Senate; (9) a person with expertise 1405 in child abuse prevention, appointed by the speaker of the House of 1406 Representatives; (10) a person with expertise in child abuse prevention, 1407 appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives; (11) 1408 a staff member of a child abuse prevention program, appointed by the 1409 minority leader of the Senate; (12) a staff member of a child abuse 1410 prevention program, appointed by the majority leader of the House of 1411 Representatives; and (13) a pediatrician, appointed by the majority 1412 leader of the Senate. The council shall solicit and accept funds, on 1413 behalf of the Children's Trust Fund, to be used for the prevention of 1414 child abuse and neglect and family resource programs, or on behalf of 1415 the Parent Trust Fund, to be used for parent community involvement 1416 to improve the health, safety and education of children, and shall make 1417 grants to programs pursuant to subsections (a) and (c) of this section. 1418 The council may, subject to the provisions of chapter 67, employ an 1419 executive director and any necessary staff within available 1420 appropriations.

Sec. 69. Section 17b-105b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

The Department of Social Services shall be required to pursue the maximum food stamp benefit extensions permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations Title 7, Part 273, Section 273.12, for those households leaving the temporary assistance [to] for needy families

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- 1427 program.
- 1428 Sec. 70. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 17b-267 of the general 1429 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 1430 (*Effective from passage*):
- 1431 (b) The Commissioner of Social Services shall not enter into an 1432 agreement with any agency or organization under subsection (a) of 1433 this section unless (1) he finds (A) that to do so is consistent with the 1434 effective and efficient administration of the medical assistance 1435 program, and (B) that such agency or organization is willing and able 1436 to assist the providers to which payments are made through it in the 1437 application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services 1438 furnished by them to individuals entitled to hospital insurance benefits 1439 under section 17b-261 and the agreement provides for such assistance, 1440 and (2) such agency or organization agrees to furnish to the 1441 Commissioner of Social Services such of the information acquired by it 1442 in carrying out its agreement under sections 17b-267 to 17b-271, 1443 inclusive, as the Commissioner of Social Services may find necessary in 1444 performing his functions under said sections.
 - (c) An agreement with any agency or organization under subsection (a) of this section may contain such terms and conditions as the Commissioner of Social Services finds necessary or appropriate, may provide for advances of funds to the agency or organization for the making of payments by it under said subsection (a), and shall provide for payment by the Commissioner of Social Services of so much of the cost of administration of the agency or organization as is determined by [said] the Commissioner of Social Services to be necessary and proper for carrying out the functions covered by the agreement.
- 1454 Sec. 71. Subsection (f) of section 17b-274d of the general statutes is 1455 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1456 passage):
- 1457 (f) Except for mental-health-related drugs and antiretroviral drugs, 1458 reimbursement for a drug not included on the preferred drug lists [are]

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- Sec. 72. Subsections (e), (f) and (g) of section 17b-360 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (e) In the case of a resident who is determined under subsection (d) of this section not to require the level of services provided by a nursing facility but to require specialized services for mental retardation or a condition related to mental retardation and who has continually resided in a nursing facility for at least thirty months before the date of the determination, the resident may elect to remain in the facility or to receive services covered by Medicaid in an alternative appropriate institutional or noninstitutional setting in accordance with the terms of the alternative disposition plan submitted by the Department of Social Services and approved by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
 - (f) In the case of a resident with mental retardation or a related condition who is determined under subsection (d) of this section not to require the level of services provided by a nursing facility but to require specialized services for mental retardation or the related condition and who has not continuously resided in a nursing facility for at least thirty months before the date of the determination, the nursing facility in consultation with the Department of Mental Retardation shall arrange for the safe and orderly discharge of the resident from the facility. If the department determines that the provision of specialized services requires an alternative residential placement, the discharge and transfer of the patient shall be in accordance with the alternative disposition plan submitted by the Department of Social Services and approved by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, except if an alternative residential facility is not available, the resident shall not be transferred.
 - (g) In the case of a resident who is determined under subsection (d)

of this section not to require the level of services provided by a nursing facility and not to require specialized services, the nursing facility shall arrange for the safe and orderly discharge of the resident from the facility.

Sec. 73. Section 18-87 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

The Commissioner of Correction may transfer any inmate of any of the institutions of the Department of Correction to any other appropriate state institution with the concurrence superintendent of such institution or to the Department of Children and Families when the Commissioner of Correction finds that the welfare or health of the inmate requires it. When an inmate, after the expiration of his sentence, is committed to or otherwise remains in the institution to which he was transferred, the expense of his treatment and support shall be paid as provided by sections 17b-122, 17b-124 to 17b-132, inclusive, 17b-136 to 17b-138, inclusive, 17b-194 to 17b-197, inclusive, 17b-222 to 17b-250, inclusive, 17b-256, 17b-263, 17b-340 to 17b-350, inclusive, 17b-689b, and 17b-743 to 17b-747, inclusive. No transfer of any person who has attained the age of eighteen years shall be made to the Department of Children and Families. [, and no] No transfer of any person who has not attained the age of eighteen years shall be made to the Department of Children and Families [shall be made] unless the Commissioner of Children and Families finds that such person would benefit from a transfer to the Department of Children and Families and agrees to accept such person and such person has given his written consent to such transfer. Such person transferred to the Department of Children and Families shall be deemed to be committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall have the power to terminate the commitment and release such person at any time he determines such termination and release would be in such person's best interest, and shall have the power to return such person to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Correction. The transfer of any person under this section to the Department of

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- 1525 Children and Families shall not result in the person so transferred
- 1526 being in the custody of the Commissioner of Correction and the
- 1527 Commissioner of Children and Families for a total of less than the
- 1528 minimum [nor] or more than the maximum term he would have been
- 1529 in the custody of the Commissioner of Correction had he not been so
- 1530 transferred.
- 1531 Sec. 74. Section 18-101i of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1532 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1533 (a) To establish and develop noninstitutional, community-based
- 1534 service programs, the commissioner shall award grants or purchase of
- 1535 service contracts in accordance with the plan developed under
- 1536 subsection (b) of this section to private, nonprofit organizations, state
- 1537 agencies or units of local government, [;] provided such grants shall
- 1538 not be subject to the formula funding requirements of section 18-101k.
- 1539 Such grants or contracts shall be the predominant method by which
- 1540 the department develops, implements and operates community
- 1541 correction programs. In addition, the commissioner may administer
- 1542 community-based service programs under the direct control of the
- 1543 department.
- 1544 (b) To carry out the purposes of subsection (a) of this section, the
- 1545 commissioner shall:
- 1546 (1) Develop and revise annually a comprehensive state community
- 1547 correction plan for the delivery of services in each of the service areas
- 1548 established by section 18-101j. The department shall adopt regulations
- 1549 in accordance with chapter 54 by January 1, 1981, providing for
- 1550 community input into such plan;
- 1551 (2) Report annually to the Governor and the General Assembly
- 1552 regarding its community correction activities. At a minimum, such
- 1553 report shall include the number of clients served, services offered and
- 1554 prevailing concerns of the service areas;
- 1555 (3) Research and gather relevant statistical data concerning the

- 1556 impact of community correction services and make such data available 1557 to the service areas and community correction program providers on a 1558 monthly and annual basis;
- 1559 (4) Establish a mechanism to monitor and evaluate on a regular 1560 basis all community correction programs and report their findings in 1561 writing to each agency in a timely and regular manner; and
- 1562 (5) Solicit and accept for use any gift of money or property made by 1563 will or otherwise, and any grant of money, services or property from 1564 the federal government, in accordance with the state community 1565 correction plan.
- 1566 (c) The department shall include in its budget a separate allocation 1567 for the provision of community-based service programs as required by 1568 this part.
- 1569 Sec. 75. Subsection (a) of section 18-101k of the general statutes is 1570 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1571 passage):
- 1572 (a) In establishing the level of funds in each service area, and funds 1573 available for each service contract, the department shall adopt 1574 regulations in accordance with chapter 54 [adopt regulations] by 1575 February 1, 1981, providing a formula and procedures for the 1576 application, review and award or denial of requests for funds, and 1577 providing for the waiver or amendment of such formula as provided 1578 in subsection (c) of this section.
- 1579 Sec. 76. Subsection (b) of section 19a-281 of the general statutes is 1580 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1581 passage):
 - (b) Any medical examiner or other authorized official, who acts in good faith and in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section with respect to the corneal or pituitary tissue of a decedent, shall not be liable for damages in any civil action or subject to

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- 1586 prosecution in any criminal proceeding for his act.
- 1587 Sec. 77. Subsections (c) and (d) of section 19a-315c of the general 1588 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 1589 (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) Following the notice period provided for in subsection (b) of this section, and subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, a burial ground authority may renovate an ancient burial place, cemetery or burial place by: (1) The removal of any or all fencing, railing or curbing, if such removal is determined by the burial ground authority to be necessary or desirable for the proper and efficient maintenance of the ancient burial place, cemetery or burial place as a whole; and (2) the repositioning or resetting of any monument or tombstone.
 - (d) At any time prior to the expiration of the notice period provided for in subsection (b) of this section, the probate court may assume jurisdiction over such renovation and order a hearing, with notice of such hearing to be given to the burial ground authority, the owner, the qualified lineal descendant, the Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism and otherwise as the court deems appropriate, to determine whether such renovation is necessary for the proper and efficient maintenance of the ancient burial place, cemetery or burial place as a whole. Upon notice of such hearing, the burial ground authority shall not proceed with such renovation except in accordance with the order of the probate court.
- 1610 Sec. 78. Subsection (b) of section 19a-509a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1612 passage):
 - (b) Upon receipt of a written audit request pursuant to an agreement between the hospital and the payer or the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a hospital shall, within thirty days of the request or within thirty days of receipt by the hospital of any patient authorization required prior to the release of records or information,

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whichever is later, provide a detailed itemization of charges to the 1618 1619 patient and make available all medical records and supporting 1620 documentation at no cost to the party conducting the audit except as 1621 provided in subsection (a) of this section and a reasonable fee for 1622 photocopying and mailing. Within fifteen days after receipt of the 1623 audit report, which shall be in writing and set forth in detail the 1624 findings of the auditor, the hospital shall respond to the auditor. If the 1625 hospital fails to respond, the audit findings shall be deemed correct 1626 and any required adjustments to the charges or payments shall be 1627 made by the payer [,] or hospital. Any balance due or refund owed 1628 shall be remitted within twenty days.

- 1629 Sec. 79. Subsection (d) of section 19a-509a of the general statutes is 1630 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1631 passage):
- 1632 (d) When an audit request is submitted in accordance with an 1633 agreement between the hospital and the payer or the provisions of 1634 subsection (a) of this section, the hospital shall not issue, in any form, 1635 bills to the patient, nor initiate self-pay collection efforts until the audit is complete and the charges are determined to be correct either by 1636 1637 mutual agreement of the parties or arbitration. If a balance is due to the 1638 hospital and it is not paid within twenty days, collection efforts may be 1639 initiated.
- 1640 Sec. 80. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 20-13e of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 1642 (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The department shall investigate each petition filed pursuant to section 20-13d, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (10) of subsection (a) of section 19a-14, to determine if probable cause exists to issue a statement of charges and to institute proceedings against the physician under subsection (e) of this section. Such investigation shall be concluded not later than eighteen months from the date the petition is filed with the department and, unless otherwise specified by this

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subsection, the record of such investigation shall be deemed a public record, in accordance with section 1-210, at the conclusion of such eighteen-month period. Any such investigation shall be confidential and no person shall disclose his knowledge of such investigation to a third party unless the physician requests that such investigation and disclosure be open. If the department determines that probable cause exists to issue a statement of charges, the entire record of such proceeding shall be public unless the department determines that the physician is an appropriate candidate for participation in a rehabilitation program in accordance with subsection (b) of this section and the physician agrees to participate in such program in accordance with terms agreed upon by the department and the physician. If at any time subsequent to the filing of a petition and during the eighteenmonth period, the department makes a finding of no probable cause, the petition and the entire record of such investigation shall remain confidential unless the physician requests that such petition and record be open.

(b) In any investigation pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the department may recommend that the physician participate in an rehabilitation program, provided the department appropriate determines that the physician, during his participation in such a program in accordance with terms agreed upon by the department and the physician, does not pose a threat in his practice of medicine [,] to the health and safety of any person. Such determination shall become a part of the record of [said] such investigation. The department may seek the advice of established medical organizations in determining the appropriateness of any rehabilitation program. If the physician participates in an approved program, with the consent of the department, the department shall monitor the physician's participation in such program and require the person responsible for the physician's activities in such program to submit signed monthly reports describing the physician's progress therein. The department shall determine if participation in such a program is sufficient cause to end its investigation. Upon commencement of the rehabilitation program by

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- the physician and during his continued participation in such program in accordance with terms agreed upon by the department and the physician, all records shall remain confidential.
- Sec. 81. Subsection (b) of section 20-34 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, "natural substances" [are] means substances which are not narcotic substances, as defined in subdivision (30) of section 21a-240, do not require the written or oral prescription of a licensed practitioner to be dispensed and are only administered orally.
- Sec. 82. Subsection (b) of section 20-114 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) For purposes of subdivision (8) of subsection (a) of this section, fraud or material deception shall include, but not be limited to, the following practices: (1) Submission of a claim form to a third party intentionally reporting incorrect treatment dates for the purpose of assisting a patient in obtaining benefits under a dental plan, which benefits would otherwise be disallowed; (2) increasing a fee to a patient for a dental procedure or dental hygiene service in excess of the fee generally charged by the dentist for such procedure or service solely because the patient has dental insurance; (3) intentionally describing a dental procedure incorrectly on a third-party claim form in order to receive a greater payment or reimbursement or intentionally misrepresenting a dental procedure not otherwise eligible for payment or reimbursement on such claim form for the purpose of receiving payment or reimbursement; and (4) intentionally accepting payment from a third party as payment in full for patient services rendered when (A) the patient has been excused from payment of any applicable deductible by the license holder, and (B) such license holder fails to notify the third party of such action.

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Sec. 83. Section 20-197 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

No person shall practice veterinary medicine, surgery or dentistry until he has obtained a license as provided in section 20-199. A person shall be construed to practice veterinary medicine, surgery or dentistry, within the meaning of this chapter, who holds himself out as being able to diagnose, administer biologics for, treat, operate or prescribe for any animal or bird disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition, or who either offers or undertakes, by any means or methods, to diagnose, administer biologics for, treat, operate or prescribe for any animal or bird disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition. The euthanizing of animals in accordance with applicable state and federal drug laws by the Connecticut Humane Society, the floating of teeth in horses by persons experienced in that practice and the performance of myofascial trigger point therapy by persons experienced in that practice shall not be deemed to be the practice of veterinary medicine. For the purposes of this section, "floating teeth" means using hand-held rasps to reduce or eliminate sharp or uneven edges on a horse's upper and lower molars to avoid injury to the tongue and cheeks and to improve chewing food, but does not include treating decay [,] or tumors or extracting teeth. For the purposes of this section, "myofascial trigger point therapy" means the use of specific palpation, compression, stretching and corrective exercise for promoting optimum athleticism, and "persons experienced in that practice" means persons who, prior to October 1, 2003, have attended a minimum of two hundred hours of classroom, lecture and hands-on practice in myofascial trigger point therapy, including animal musculoskeletal anatomy and biomechanics, theory and application of animal myofascial trigger point techniques, factors that habituate a presenting condition and corrective exercise.

Sec. 84. Section 20-248 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit any patient of the Veterans'

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1749 Home at Rocky Hill from practicing the occupation of a master barber 1750 in said home. [, nor shall the provisions of] Nothing in this chapter 1751 shall be construed to prevent any person holding a registered 1752 hairdresser and cosmetician's license under the provisions of chapter 1753 387 from cutting the hair of any person, [nor] or to prevent any person 1754 licensed under the provisions of [said] chapter 387 from carrying on 1755 the occupation of hairdresser and cosmetician. Nothing in this chapter 1756 [nor] or in chapter 387 shall be construed to prevent a licensed 1757 registered hairdresser and cosmetician from working in a barber shop 1758 [nor] or a licensed master barber from working in a hairdressing and 1759 cosmetology shop.

1760 Sec. 85. Subsection (b) of section 20-319 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1762 passage):

(b) There is hereby established an annual renewal license to be issued by the Department of Consumer Protection. Persons licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall fulfill a continuing education requirement. Applicants for an annual renewal license for real estate brokers or real estate salespersons shall, in addition to the other requirements imposed by the provisions of this chapter, in any even-numbered year, submit proof of compliance with the continuing education requirements of this subsection to the commission, accompanied by an eight-dollar processing fee. The continuing education requirement may be satisfied by successful completion of any of the following during the two-year period preceding such renewal: (1) A course or courses, approved by the commission, of continuing education in current real estate practices and licensing laws consisting of not less than twelve hours of classroom study; or (2) a written examination prepared and administered by either the Department of Consumer Protection, or by a national testing service approved by the department, which demonstrates a knowledge of current real estate practices and licensing laws; or (3) equivalent continuing educational experience or study as determined by regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. An

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applicant for examination under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall pay the required examination fee to the national testing service, if administered by such testing service, or to the Department of Consumer Protection, if administered by the department.

Sec. 86. Subsection (a) of section 20-329f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The commission shall, upon completion of the investigation and inspection as provided in section 20-329e, but, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary between the applicant and the commission, not later than three months from the receipt of the completed license application, or receipt of an effective statement of record filed with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and filed with the commission pursuant to subsection (c) of section 20-329b, (1) approve or disapprove the prospectus, property report or offering statement submitted under subsection (c) of section 20-329b [,] or section 20-329d, as the case may be, and (2) if satisfied, issue to the applicant, upon payment to the commission of a fee computed as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a license to offer and dispose of in this state the subdivision or parcels, units or other interests in any subdivision that is the subject of the application or such effective statement of record. Such license shall be valid for one year and may be renewed annually upon payment to the commission of a fee, computed as provided in subsection (b) of this section, unless there is a material change affecting such subdivision or lot, parcels, units or other interest in any subdivision or the offer or disposition thereof, in which case all new facts shall be reported to the commission immediately. Upon receipt of such report or in the event that any such material change is discovered by or comes to the attention of the commission through other sources, the commission may, after hearing pursuant to section 20-321, take such action as the commission considers necessary, including the suspension or revocation of such license if justified.

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Sec. 87. Subsection (b) of section 21-41 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (b) Each such pawnbroker or person carrying on such business of loaning money on the deposit or pledge of personal property or of purchasing such property on condition of selling the same back again at a stipulated price or of purchasing such property from a person who is not a wholesaler shall maintain a record-keeping system deemed appropriate by the chief of police in cities and by the selectmen in towns, in which shall be entered in English, at the time he receives any article of personal property by way of pledge, pawn or purchase, a description of such article, the name, residence, proof of identity as required in subsection (a) of this section and a general description of the person from whom, and the day and hour when, such property was received. Such record-keeping system and the place where such business is carried on and all articles of property therein may be examined at all times by any state [policeman] police officer, by any municipal police officer, by the selectmen of the town or any person by them designated or, if such business is carried on in a city, by the chief of police of such city or any person by him designated. Any state [policeman] police officer or municipal police officer of the town or city where the business is carried on who performs such an examination may require any employee on the premises to provide proof of his identity.
- Sec. 88. Section 22-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- Any person who obstructs or hinders the Commissioner of Agriculture or any of the commissioner's assistants in the performance of their duties under the provisions of sections 22-27 to 22-38, inclusive, shall be fined not less than ten dollars [nor] or more than one hundred dollars.
- Sec. 89. Section 22-39f of the general statutes is repealed and the

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following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of sections 22-39a to 22-39e, inclusive, or who obstructs or hinders the Commissioner of Agriculture or the Commissioner of Consumer Protection or any of their authorized agents in the performance of their duties under the provisions of said sections, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars [nor] or more than fifty dollars for the first offense and not less than one hundred dollars [nor] or more than two hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. In addition to such fine, the Commissioner of Agriculture is authorized to deny, suspend or revoke the license provided for in said sections issued to such person.

- Sec. 90. Subsection (a) of section 22-351 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
- (a) Any person who steals, confines or conceals any companion 1862 1863 animal, as defined in section 22-351a, or who, with the intention of 1864 stealing such companion animal or concealing its identity or the 1865 identity of its owner or with the intention of concealing the fact that 1866 the companion animal is licensed, removes the collar or harness or tag 1867 from any licensed companion animal, or who unlawfully kills or 1868 injures any companion animal, shall be fined not more than one 1869 thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than six months, or both. For 1870 a second offense, or for an offense involving more than one companion 1871 animal, any such person shall be fined not more than two thousand 1872 dollars or imprisoned not less than one year [nor] or more than three 1873 years or be both fined and imprisoned.
- 1874 Sec. 91. Subsection (a) of section 22-355 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
 - (a) When any person sustains damage by dogs to his sheep, goats, horses, hogs, cattle, poultry or domestic rabbits kept in enclosures as described in subsection (f) of this section, such person shall report such

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damage to the chief administrative officer of the town in which such damage was sustained, or his agent, or, if such damage was sustained on land located in two or more towns, he shall report such damage to such authority of either of such towns. Thereupon such authority, with the person claiming to have sustained such damage, shall estimate the amount of such damage, including the value of the animals or poultry killed, injured or damaged by such dogs. If such authority and the person claiming to have sustained such damage are unable to agree as to the amount thereof, they shall choose some disinterested third person to assist in estimating the damage. Information required by this subsection shall be given within twenty-four hours after the person claiming [hereunder] under this section has or should have had knowledge of the same or, if the intervention of a Sunday or holiday prevents the reporting thereof, on the next succeeding business day. No claim for such damages shall be allowed to <u>any person</u> (1) [anyone] who owns, keeps or has in possession any unlicensed dog, (2) [anyone] whose employee, living on the premises, keeps an unlicensed dog which is six months of age or over, or (3) [any person] who fails to report such damage within the time limited by this section. The burden of proving the allegations of any claim under this section shall be on the person claiming [hereunder] under this section.

Sec. 92. Subsection (c) of section 22-355 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(c) When additional or increased damages are claimed to sheep, goats, horses, hogs, cattle, poultry or domestic rabbits, which damages were not apparent at, and accrued subsequent to, the first appraisal of damage, a supplemental notice of such claim for additional damage may be given to such authority at any time within thirty days from the discovery of the original damage. The supplemental notice of claim shall set forth the facts upon which such claim is based. The claim shall be made to such authority and shall be acted upon in the manner provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

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- 1913 Sec. 93. Subsection (e) of section 22a-6b of the general statutes is 1914 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1916 (e) All hearings under this section shall be conducted pursuant to 1917 sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive. The final order of the commissioner 1918 assessing a civil penalty shall be subject to appeal as set forth in section 1919 4-183, except that any such appeal shall be taken to the superior court 1920 for the judicial district of New Britain and shall have precedence in the 1921 order of trial as provided in section 52-191. Such final order shall not 1922 be subject to appeal under any other provision of the general statutes. 1923 No challenge to any notice of assessment or final order of the 1924 commissioner assessing a civil penalty shall be allowed as to any issue 1925 which could have been raised by an appeal of an earlier order, notice, 1926 permit, denial or other final decision by the commissioner. Any civil 1927 penalty authorized by this section shall become due and payable [(i)] 1928 (1) at the time of receipt of a final order in the case of a civil penalty 1929 assessed in such order after a hearing, [(ii)] (2) on the first day after the 1930 expiration of the period in which a hearing may be requested if no 1931 hearing is requested, or [(iii)] (3) on the first day after any withdrawal 1932 of a request for hearing.
 - Sec. 94. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 22a-41 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) (1) In the case of an application which received a public hearing pursuant to (A) subsection (k) of section 22a-39, or (B) a finding by the inland wetlands agency that the proposed activity may have a significant impact on wetlands or watercourses, a permit shall not be issued unless the commissioner finds on the basis of the record that a feasible and prudent alternative does not exist. In making his finding, the commissioner shall consider the facts and circumstances set forth in subsection (a) of this section. The finding and the reasons therefor shall be stated on the record in writing.

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- Sec. 95. Subsections (e) and (f) of section 22a-94 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (e) The commissioner may, from time to time, amend such maps described in subsection (c) of this section. Prior to the adoption of an amendment to any map, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing in the affected municipality in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. The commissioner shall consider for amendment changes in the boundary petitioned by the coastal municipality, by any person owning real property within the boundary, or by twenty-five residents of such municipality. The commissioner shall approve, deny or modify such petition within sixty days of receipt and shall state, in writing, the reasons for his action. All amendments to the boundary shall be consistent with subsection (b) of this section.
 - (f) A municipal coastal boundary may be adopted by the municipal planning commission of each coastal municipality in accordance with the notice, hearing and other procedural requirements of section 8-24. Such boundary may be delineated by roads, property lines or other identifiable natural or man-made features, provided such boundary shall approximate and in no event diminish the area within the coastal boundary as defined in subsection (b) of this section and as mapped under subsection (d) of this section. Such boundary shall be sufficiently precise to demonstrate whether the holdings of a property owner, or portions thereof, lie within the boundary. Upon adoption, such boundary shall be submitted to the commissioner for mapping in accordance with subsection (c) of this section. The municipal planning commission may, at its own discretion or upon request of a property owner, amend the coastal boundary in accordance with the procedures and criteria of this subsection.
 - Sec. 96. Subsection (a) of section 22a-109 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1977 (a) A coastal site plan shall be filed with the municipal zoning 1978 commission to aid in determining the conformity of a proposed 1979 building, use, structure [,] or shoreline flood and erosion control 1980 structure, as defined in subsection (c) of this section, fully or partially within the coastal boundary, with the specific provisions of the zoning 1981 1982 regulations of the municipality and the provisions of sections 22a-105 1983 and 22a-106, and in the case of shoreline flood and erosion control 1984 structures, the provisions of sections 22a-359 to 22a-363, inclusive, and 1985 any regulations adopted thereunder. A coastal site plan required 1986 under this section may be modified or denied if it fails to comply with 1987 the requirements already set forth in the zoning regulations of the 1988 municipality and, in addition, the coastal site plan may be modified, 1989 conditioned or denied in accordance with the procedures and criteria 1990 listed in sections 22a-105 and 22a-106. A coastal site plan for a 1991 shoreline flood and erosion control structure may be modified, 1992 conditioned or denied if it fails to comply with the requirements, 1993 standards and criteria of sections 22a-359 to 22a-363, inclusive, and any 1994 regulations adopted thereunder. Review of a coastal site plan under 1995 the requirements of this section shall supersede any review required 1996 by the municipality under subsection (g) of section 8-3 and shall be in 1997 addition to any applicable zoning regulations of any special district 1998 exercising zoning authority under special act. The provisions of this

Sec. 97. Subsection (b) of section 22a-112 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

section shall not be construed to limit the authority of the

Commissioner of Environmental Protection under sections 22a-359 to

(b) Upon receipt by the commissioner of a written application from a coastal municipality, said commissioner shall make a grant to such municipality of not less than twenty-five hundred dollars to be used to carry out the responsibilities of such municipality under this chapter, provided, on or after July 1, 1980, funds shall be allocated to coastal municipalities in accordance with subsections (c) and (d) of this

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22a-363, inclusive.

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- Sec. 98. Subsection (d) of section 22a-112 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2015 (d) Not less than thirty per cent of any funds received annually by 2016 the state under Section 306 of the federal Coastal Zone Management 2017 Act shall be provided annually to coastal municipalities for municipal 2018 coastal site plan reviews under sections 22a-105 to 22a-109, inclusive. 2019 Up to an additional twenty per cent of any funds received annually by 2020 the state under Section 306 of the federal Coastal Zone Management 2021 Act shall as a first priority be provided annually to assist coastal 2022 municipalities which have chosen to prepare and implement a 2023 municipal coastal program under sections 22a-101 to 22a-104, 2024 inclusive, provided, [that] if in any one year the total amount of all 2025 grants to municipalities which have agreed to adopt municipal coastal 2026 programs is less than twenty per cent of such federal funds received in 2027 that year, the difference shall be allocated for the purposes of this 2028 chapter in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 99. Subsection (a) of section 22a-128 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility or an owner or operator who modifies an existing hazardous waste facility constructed and operated pursuant to this chapter shall pay an assessment pursuant to subsection (b) of this section or shall pay the costs of the incentives negotiated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, provided [that] the total amount paid shall not be more than the amount established in subsection (b) of this section. The legislative body of the municipality shall elect between payment of the assessment or the negotiated incentives prior to the commencement of negotiations. Any costs or assessments for a modification to a hazardous waste facility shall be based on the volume of waste or the

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gross receipts that the council determines are attributable to such modification.

Sec. 100. Subsection (b) of section 22a-135 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (b) In addition to the reporting required of a licensee pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, the department may require the reporting immediately or within such time period as the department may designate of any additional occurrence, incident or other abnormal circumstance which is not required to be reported within twenty-four hours or sooner to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The department shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- Sec. 101. Subsection (g) of section 22a-178 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (g) When an order issued by the commissioner to any person pursuant to this chapter becomes final, except for an order to create or use emission reduction credits, the respondent to such order shall file a certified copy or notice of the final order on the land records in the town where the subject property is located, and such certified copy or notice shall constitute a notice to the owner's heirs, successors and assigns. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, where the respondent to a final order does not own the subject property, the commissioner shall record notice of such order on the land records in the town where the subject property is located. When the order has been fully complied with or revoked, the commissioner shall issue a certificate showing such compliance or revocation, which certificate the recipient of such certificate shall record [,] on the land records in the town wherein the order was previously recorded. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, where the recipient of such certificate

- 2075 does not own the subject property, the commissioner shall record such 2076 certificate on the land records in the town where the subject property is 2077 located. A person filing a notice, a final order or a certificate pursuant 2078 to this subsection shall submit to the commissioner a certified copy of 2079 the filing indicating the volume and page number upon which the 2080 notice, final order or certificate is filed.
- 2081 Sec. 102. Subdivision (4) of section 22a-200 of the general statutes is 2082 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2083 passage):
- 2084 (4) "Greenhouse gas" means any chemical or physical substance that 2085 is emitted into the air and that the Commissioner of Environmental 2086 Protection may reasonably anticipate [to] will cause or contribute to 2087 climate change, including, but not limited to, carbon dioxide, methane, 2088 nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulfur 2089 hexafluoride.
- 2090 Sec. 103. Subsection (b) of section 22a-200a of the general statutes is 2091 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2092 passage):
 - (b) Not later than January 1, 2005, the Governor's Steering Committee on Climate Change, established in November 2002, shall develop a multisector, comprehensive climate change action plan, with the opportunity for public comment, which plan shall contain the policies and programs necessary to achieve the state's goals for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2010 and 2020. The steering committee shall notify each member of the General Assembly of the development of such plan and of such opportunity for public comment. Not later than January 1, 2005, the steering committee shall submit, in accordance with section 11-4a, such plan to the joint standing [committee] committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment, energy, transportation and commerce. Not later than January 15, 2005, such committees shall convene a joint informational public hearing for the

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- purpose of reviewing such plan. Not later than February 1, 2005, such committees shall meet for the purpose of consideration of endorsement of such plan. Not later than February 15, 2005, the steering committee shall submit a final plan to such committees.
- Sec. 104. Subsection (e) of section 22a-200b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2114 (e) If a regional greenhouse gas registry is not developed and 2115 implemented by April 15, 2007, the commissioner shall evaluate the 2116 feasibility of establishing and administering a state-wide greenhouse 2117 gas registry for the collection of emissions data pursuant to subsections 2118 (b) and (c) of this section. If a regional greenhouse gas registry is 2119 developed after the commissioner establishes a state-wide greenhouse 2120 gas registry, [then] the reporting requirements in subsections (b) and 2121 (c) of this section shall revert [back] to the regional greenhouse gas 2122 registry in accordance with said subsections (b) and (c).
- Sec. 105. Section 22a-209d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may establish, by regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, categories of materials which, if used in accordance with standards adopted by the commissioner to protect the environment and public health, shall not be considered solid waste under section 22a-207 or subject to a permit under this chapter or chapter 446k. Notwithstanding the provisions of the regulations adopted under this section or section 22a-209, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall not prohibit the use of waste sand from the casting of metals as cover, road base [,] or fill or for other purposes at a solid waste disposal area permitted under section 22a-208a, provided the concentration of toxic materials in the sand is below the level of hazardous waste under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended, and any regulations promulgated

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- 2139 to carry out said act, and further provided any person who disposes of 2140 such sand under this section shall provide certification, to the 2141 satisfaction of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, that 2142 such sand is not hazardous. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2143 22a-209, a public water supply company may, by itself or in 2144 conjunction with any person or municipality, use solids that are the 2145 by-products of water treatment processes provided such use conforms 2146 to best management practices and controls described in an operations 2147 plan approved in writing by the commissioner. A public water supply 2148 company may, by itself or in conjunction with any person or 2149 municipality, use such solids in accordance with such plan until the 2150 commissioner issues a general permit to such company for the use of 2151 such solids pursuant to section 22a-209f.
- Sec. 106. Subsection (d) of section 22a-234a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (d) Any person or municipality delivering solid waste to a facility or landfill whose owner is subject to the assessment imposed by subsection (a) of this section shall reimburse the owner for any assessment paid for the solid waste delivered by such person or municipality. The assessment shall be a debt from the person or municipality responsible for paying such assessment to the owner.
- Sec. 107. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 22a-449c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (2) The account shall be used by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to provide money for reimbursement or payment pursuant to section 22a-449f to responsible parties or parties supplying goods or services, or both, to responsible parties for costs, expenses and other obligations paid or incurred, as the case may be, as a result of releases, and suspected releases, costs of investigation of releases and suspected releases, and third party claims for bodily

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injury, property damage and damage to natural resources. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding reimbursements of parties pursuant to section 22a-449f [,] and regulations [promulgated] adopted pursuant to section 22a-449e, and regardless of when an application for payment or reimbursement may have been submitted to the board, after June 1, 2004, no payment or reimbursement shall be made for any costs, expenses and other obligations paid or incurred for remediation, including any monitoring to determine the effectiveness of the remediation, of a release to levels more stringent than or beyond those specified in the remediation standards established pursuant to section 22a-133k, except to the extent the applicant demonstrates that it has been directed otherwise by the Department of Environmental Protection. In addition, notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding reimbursements of parties pursuant to section 22a-449f, the responsible party for a release shall bear all costs of the release that are less than ten thousand dollars or more than one million dollars, except that for any such release which was reported to the department prior to December 31, 1987, and for which more than five hundred thousand dollars has been expended by the responsible party to remediate such release prior to June 19, 1991, the responsible party for the release shall bear all costs of such release which are less than ten thousand dollars or more than five million dollars, provided the portion of any reimbursement or payment in excess of three million dollars may, at the discretion of the commissioner, be made in annual payments for up to a five-year period. There shall be allocated to the department annually, for administrative costs, two million dollars.

Sec. 108. Subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 22a-471 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(3) The provisions of this section shall not affect the rights of any municipality to institute suit to recover all damages, expenses and costs incurred by the municipality from any responsible party, including, but not limited to, the costs specified in subparagraph (B)(i)

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2205 and (ii) of subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section and, in the 2206 case of any municipality which is not responsible for the pollution of 2207 the groundwaters, the additional amounts specified in subparagraph 2208 (B)(iii) and (iv) of subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 109. Subdivision (1) of subsection (f) of section 22a-471 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(f) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, if the commissioner determines that a person whose actions have caused or can reasonably be expected to cause pollution of the groundwaters by the application of a pesticide (A) has properly applied the pesticide or arranged for a pesticide application which was properly performed, (B) was engaged in agriculture at the time the pesticide was applied and used the pesticide solely in the production of agricultural commodities, (C) has agreed to implement the plans specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and (D) maintained the records of the application of the pesticide as required by section 22a-58 and the records and plan identified in section 22a-471a, the commissioner shall not issue an order under subsection (a) of this section to the person engaged in agriculture, but may issue an order under said subsection (a) to another responsible person, including, but not limited to, the producer of the pesticide, requiring the short-term and long-term provision of potable drinking water in accordance with said subsection (a). The commissioner shall not issue an order under said subsection (a) to a person engaged in agriculture who did not maintain the records identified under section 22a-471a if said commissioner finds such records are not relevant to a determination of the party responsible for pollution of the groundwaters. If the commissioner is unable to determine the responsible person, he may issue such order to the municipality wherein groundwaters unusable for potable drinking water are located.

Sec. 110. Section 22a-471a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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- (a) The provisions of subsection (f) of section 22a-471 shall apply to any person engaged in agriculture on May 26, 1988, who makes an application or arranges for the application of a general use or restricted use pesticide to agricultural or horticultural products or to the land, provided such person (1) maintains the records specified in subsection (d) of this section, and (2) develops and implements by July 1, 1989, the plan specified in subsection (e) of this section.
 - (b) On and after July 1, 1989, the provisions of subsection (f) of section 22a-471 shall not apply to any person engaged in agriculture who (1) fails to maintain the records specified in subsection (d) of this section, or (2) has not developed and implemented the plan specified in subsection (e) of this section when such records have been maintained for less than three years.
 - (c) The provisions of subsection (f) of section 22a-471 shall apply to any person beginning agricultural activities on or after July 1, 1989, who makes an application or arranges for the application of a general use or restricted use pesticide to agricultural or horticultural products or to the land, provided such person (1) maintains the records specified in subsection (d) of this section, and (2) develops and implements the plan specified in subsection (e) of this section.
 - (d) The records required under subsection (a) of this section shall include a record of the following information for each application of a general or restricted use pesticide to an agricultural or horticultural product or to the land: (1) The name of the applicator; (2) the kind and amount of the pesticide used; (3) the date and place of application; (4) the crop and amount of acreage treated; (5) the name of the manufacturer and the product registration number assigned by the United States Environmental Protection Agency of each pesticide; and (6) the invoice or purchase receipt of the pesticide. Such records shall be maintained by the person engaged in agriculture for not less than twenty years after the date of application.
- (e) Any plan prepared under subsection (a) of this section shall be

- 2270 appropriate for the agricultural activities conducted on the land and 2271 shall minimize the potential for groundwater contamination from 2272 pesticides. Such plan shall include provisions for integrated pest 2273 management, if available, proper amounts and rates of pesticide 2274 applications, calibration of equipment and timing and frequency of 2275 pesticide application. The plan shall be prepared and revised as 2276 necessary in accordance with guidelines issued or approved by the 2277 College of Agriculture and Natural Resources at The University of 2278 Connecticut.
- 2279 Sec. 111. Subdivision (8) of subsection (c) of section 22a-478 of the 2280 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 2281 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (8) On or after July 1, 2002, an eligible water quality [projects] project that exclusively [address] addresses sewer collection and conveyance system improvements may receive a loan for one hundred per cent of the eligible costs provided such project does not receive a project grant. Any such sewer collection and conveyance system improvement project shall be rated, ranked, and funded separately from other water pollution control projects and shall be considered only if it is highly consistent with the state's conservation and development plan, or is primarily needed as the most cost effective solution to an existing area-wide pollution problem and incorporates minimal capacity for growth.
- 2293 Sec. 112. Subsection (a) of section 25-68d of the general statutes is 2294 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2295 passage):
 - (a) No state agency shall undertake an activity or a critical activity within or affecting the floodplain without first obtaining approval from the commissioner of a certification submitted in accordance with subsection (b) of this section or exemption by the commissioner from such approval in accordance with subsection (d) of this section.
- 2301 Sec. 113. Subsection (d) of section 25-68d of the general statutes is

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repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(d) Any state agency proposing an activity or critical activity within or affecting the floodplain may apply to the commissioner for exemption from the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. Such application shall include a statement of the reasons why such agency is unable to comply with said subsection and any other information the commissioner deems necessary. The commissioner, after public notice of the application and an opportunity for a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, may approve such exemption if he determines that (1) the agency has shown that the activity or critical activity is in the public interest, will not injure persons or damage property in the area of such activity or critical activity, complies with the provisions of the National Flood Insurance Program, and, in the case of a loan or grant, the recipient of the loan or grant has been informed that increased flood insurance premiums may result from the activity or critical activity, or (2) in the case of a flood control project, such project meets the criteria of subdivision (1) of this subsection and is more cost-effective to the state and municipalities than a project constructed to or above the base flood or base flood for a critical activity. Following approval for exemption for a flood control project, the commissioner shall provide notice of the hazards of a flood greater than the capacity of the project design to each member of the legislature whose district will be affected by the project and to the following agencies and officials in the area to be protected by the project: The planning and zoning commission, the inland wetlands agency, the director of civil defense, the conservation commission, the fire department, the police department, the chief elected official and each member of the legislative body, and the regional planning agency. Notice shall be given to the general public by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in each municipality in the area in which the project is to be located.

Sec. 114. Subsection (b) of section 25-68m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*

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- 2336 *passage*):
- 2337 (b) On or before January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall prepare a report on
- 2339 grants made under section 25-68k for the preceding fiscal year. Each
- 2340 such report shall include: (1) A description of the grants made,
- 2341 including the amount [,] and purposes and the municipalities to which
- 2342 they were made; and (2) any findings or recommendations concerning
- 2343 the operation and effectiveness of the grant program.
- Sec. 115. Subsection (b) of section 25-109f of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 2346 *passage*):
- 2347 (b) The commissions of each town referred to in subsection (a) of
- 2348 this section shall study the standards established and shall, within
- 2349 ninety days of such submission, submit to its legislative body,
- 2350 recommendations as to whether the town should vote to be governed
- by the provisions of sections 25-109c to 25-109k, inclusive. Failure of a
- 2352 commission to make such recommendations within the time limited
- 2353 therefor shall be deemed a recommendation that the town should vote
- 2354 to be so governed. Such legislative body shall vote as to whether the
- 2355 town shall be governed by the provisions of said sections.
- Sec. 116. Subsection (c) of section 26-17a of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 2358 *passage*):
- 2359 (c) The commissioner is authorized to take land or any interests
- 2360 therein by right of eminent domain in the manner provided in section
- 2361 48-12 for the purposes for which he is authorized to acquire land under
- 2362 the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. All of the owners of
- 2363 different tracts of land which are included in the same tidal wetlands
- area may be joined in the same action.
- Sec. 117. Subsection (a) of section 26-27 of the general statutes is
- 2366 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from

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- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), (e) or (f) of this section and other provisions of this chapter providing specific license exemption, no person shall take, hunt or trap, or shall attempt to take, hunt or trap, or assist in taking, hunting or trapping, any wild bird or mammal and no person more than sixteen years of age shall take, attempt to take, or assist in taking any fish or bait species in the inland waters by any method, without first having obtained a license as provided in this chapter. No person under sixteen years of age shall hunt or trap, except as provided in section 26-38.
- Sec. 118. Section 26-92 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

No person shall catch, kill or purchase or attempt to catch, kill or purchase, sell, offer or expose for sale or have in possession, living or dead, any wild bird other than a game bird, or purchase or attempt to purchase, sell, offer or expose for sale or have in possession any part of any such bird or of the plumage thereof except as acquired under the provisions of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, the following shall be considered game birds: The anatidae, or waterfowl, including brant, wild ducks and geese; the rallidae, or rails, including coots, gallinules and sora and other rails; the limicolae, or shore birds, including snipe and woodcock; the gallinae, including wild turkeys, grouse, prairie chickens, pheasants, partridge and quail; the corvidae, including crows. No person shall take or destroy any nest or any egg of any wild bird or game bird. No person shall possess any nest or egg of any wild or game bird. English sparrows, starlings and, when found depredating ornamental trees, agriculture crops, livestock or wildlife, or when concentrated in such numbers as to constitute a public health or public safety hazard, crows, rock doves, monk parakeets and brown-headed cowbirds shall not be included among the birds protected by this section. Any conservation officer and any other officer having authority to serve criminal process shall have the same powers relating to violations of the provisions of this section as are

- 2400 conferred by section 26-6.
- 2401 Sec. 119. Subsection (c) of section 26-192e of the general statutes is 2402 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2403 passage):
- 2404 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, 2405 when the Commissioner of Agriculture, after consultation with the 2406 Commissioner of Public Health, finds that tidal flats, shores or coastal 2407 waters which may contain shellfish are so contaminated or polluted 2408 that a health emergency exists, he may close such area for the duration 2409 of such emergency by giving notice of such emergency closure (1) in 2410 writing to the municipal or district health authority, and (2) to the 2411 general public by publication in a newspaper having general 2412 circulation in the town, city or borough within which such area lies. 2413 Such notice shall state when the closing shall take effect.
- 2414 Sec. 120. Section 26-216 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*): 2415
 - Any person who violates any provision of section 26-215, or who uses any device or number not furnished by the Commissioner of Agriculture for a boat or vessel used in cultivating or dredging for shellfish, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars [nor] or more than fifty dollars for each day that such boat or vessel is so unlawfully used and, on conviction of a second offense, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars [nor] or more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both, for each day that such boat or vessel is so unlawfully used.
- 2425 Sec. 121. Subsection (d) of section 26-235 of the general statutes is 2426 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2427 passage):
- 2428 (d) Any person who takes clams from an area closed and posted 2429 against the taking of clams by the Department of Agriculture or from 2430 an area closed by license issuance or by order of a local health

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- department shall be fined not less than seventy-five dollars [nor] <u>or</u> more than one thousand dollars or three times the market value of any clams taken, based on the quantity and type involved in the violation, if such amount is greater than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than twelve months.
- Sec. 122. Subsection (a) of section 27-102n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2439 (a) There shall be a Board of Trustees for the Department of 2440 Veterans' Affairs. The board shall be comprised of the commissioner 2441 and sixteen members who by education or experience shall be 2442 qualified in health care, business management, social services or law and who shall have a demonstrated interest in the concerns of 2443 2444 veterans. A majority of the members of the board shall be veterans, 2445 including veterans of World War II, the Korean hostilities and the 2446 Vietnam era. Members shall be appointed as follows: Ten by the 2447 Governor who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and one 2448 member each by the president pro tempore of the Senate, the speaker 2449 of the House of Representatives, the majority leader of the Senate, 2450 [and] the majority leader of the House of Representatives, the minority 2451 leader of the Senate and the minority leader of the House of 2452 Representatives, whose [term] terms shall be coterminous with the 2453 term of the appointing authority. Members shall be sworn to the 2454 faithful performance of their duties. They shall receive no 2455 compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for their 2456 reasonable expenses in the performance of their duties.
- Sec. 123. Subsection (a) of section 27-106 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The commissioner shall adopt and enforce such rules as may be necessary to ensure order, enforce discipline and preserve the health and ensure the comfort of the patients in the Veterans' Home, [;] and

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- 2463 shall discipline or dismiss any officer or patient of the home who 2464 disobeys or infringes upon such rules. The commissioner shall appoint, 2465 subject to the provisions of chapter 67, such officers and employees as are necessary for the administration of the affairs of the home, shall 2466 2467 prescribe the relative rank, if any, of such officers and employees, and 2468 shall commission each such officer, who shall wear such uniform, if 2469 any, as is prescribed by the commissioner.
- 2470 Sec. 124. Subsection (c) of section 27-122a of the general statutes is 2471 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2472 passage):
- 2473 (c) The land transferred to the commission under subsections (a) 2474 and (b) of this section and not transferred to the Commissioner of 2475 Mental Health and Addiction Services and the Connecticut Valley 2476 Hospital shall be used by the Commissioner of Veterans' Affairs for the 2477 establishment and maintenance of a veterans' cemetery.
- 2478 Sec. 125. Section 27-138c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*): 2479
- 2480 Any person aggrieved by a decision of the administrator rendered 2481 under section 27-138b may appeal such decision to a review board 2482 composed of the Adjutant General or his or her [designate] designee, 2483 the Attorney General or his or her [designate] designee, and the 2484 Commissioner of Veterans' Affairs or his or her [designate] designee. 2485 All appeals taken pursuant to this section shall be based solely upon 2486 the record of the hearing conducted pursuant to section 27-138b. A 2487 person aggrieved by a decision of the review board may appeal to the 2488 Superior Court pursuant to the provisions of chapter 54.
- 2489 Sec. 126. Subsection (b) of section 28-9c of the general statutes is 2490 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 2491 passage):
- 2492 (b) (1) Authority under this section shall not be exercised unless the 2493 affected political subdivision, corporation, organization or individual

- 2494 owning such property shall first present an unconditional 2495 authorization for removal of such debris or wreckage from public and 2496 private property and, in the case of removal of debris or wreckage 2497 from private property, shall first agree to indemnify the state against 2498 any claim arising from such removal. [; (2) whenever (2) Whenever 2499 the Governor provides for clearance of debris or wreckage pursuant to 2500 subsection (a) of this section, employees of the designated state 2501 agencies or individuals appointed by the state are authorized to enter 2502 upon private land or waters and perform any tasks necessary to the 2503 removal or clearance operation.
- Sec. 127. Subsection (b) of section 29-9 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to rewards, gifts or gratuities which are approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or the police chief or board of police commissioners, as the case may be, and are given to the police officer on account of his official services.
- Sec. 128. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 29-260 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) Unless otherwise provided by ordinance, charter or special act_z a local building official who fails to perform the duties of his office may be dismissed by the local appointing authority and another person shall be appointed in his place, [;] provided, [that] prior to such dismissal, such local building official shall be given an opportunity to be heard in his own defense at a public hearing in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) No local building official may be dismissed under subsection (b) of this section unless he has been given notice in writing of the specific grounds for such dismissal and an opportunity to be heard in his own defense, personally or by counsel, at a public hearing before the

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authority having the power of dismissal. Such public hearing shall be held not less than five [nor] or more than ten days after such notice. Any person so dismissed may appeal within thirty days following such dismissal to the superior court for the judicial district in which such town, city or borough is located. Service shall be made as in civil process. [Such] The court shall review the record of such hearing and if it appears that testimony is necessary for an equitable disposition of the appeal, it may take evidence or appoint a referee or a committee to take such evidence as [it] the court may direct and report the same to the court with his or its findings of fact, which report shall constitute a part of the proceedings upon which the determination of the court shall be made. The court may affirm the action of such authority or may set the same aside if it finds that such authority acted illegally or abused its discretion.

Sec. 129. Subsection (c) of section 29-307a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(c) Upon receipt of any notification required under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the local fire marshal shall distribute the information contained in such notice to the persons providing fire protection in each town, city or borough under his jurisdiction. Such information shall be in such form and distributed in such manner as the State Fire Marshal shall require. The local fire marshal shall provide a complete copy of any information submitted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, upon written request, to the health director of the municipality in which the establishment is located. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1-210, the local fire marshal, any firefighter, a municipal health director or any water company shall maintain the confidentiality of and not disclose such information to any person. Any local fire marshal, firefighter, municipal health director or any water company found to have disclosed such information in violation of this subsection shall have committed an infraction.

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- Sec. 130. Subsection (c) of section 29-313 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (c) Any person who sells, offers for sale or gives to another any fire extinguisher or fire extinguishing device, containing or designed to contain an active agent having an ingredient prohibited by subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by section 29-295.
- Sec. 131. Subsections (d) and (e) of section 29-349 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (d) No person shall manufacture, keep, store, sell or deal in any explosives unless such person has a valid license under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section and obtains from the Commissioner of Public Safety or from the fire marshal of the town where such business is conducted a written permit therefor, which permit shall not be valid for more than one year and for which such person shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars. If the permit is issued by the Commissioner of Public Safety, the commissioner shall forward a copy thereof to the local fire marshal. Such permit so granted shall definitely state the location of the building where such business is to be carried on or such explosive deposited and shall state that such building or premises complies with the regulations provided for in this section.
 - (e) No person shall procure, transport or use any explosives unless such person has a valid license under subsection (b) of this section and has obtained a written permit therefor signed by the Commissioner of Public Safety or by the fire marshal of the town where such explosive is to be used, specifying the name of the purchaser, the amount to be purchased and transported and the purpose for which it is to be used. Any such permit to use explosives shall state the number of years the permittee has been engaged in blasting activity. Such permit shall be valid for such period, not longer than one year, as is required to

- 2591 accomplish the purpose for which it was obtained. No carrier shall 2592 transport any such explosive until the vehicle transporting the 2593 explosive has been inspected and approved by the Department of 2594 Public Safety and unless such written permit accompanies the same 2595 and no person shall have in such person's possession any such 2596 explosive unless such person has a license and permit therefor. The fee 2597 for such inspection shall be twenty-five dollars. The fee for such permit 2598 shall be twenty dollars. Each person who has in such person's custody 2599 or possession any explosive or any detonating caps for explosives shall 2600 keep the same either under personal observation or securely locked 2601 up.
- Sec. 132. Subdivision (14) of section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (14) "Proprietor" shall include all owners of businesses or clubs, included in subdivision (5) of this section, whether such owners are individuals, partners, joint stock companies, fiduciaries, stockholders of corporations or otherwise, but shall not include persons or corporations who are merely creditors of such businesses or clubs, whether as note holders, bond holders or otherwise.
- Sec. 133. Subsection (a) of section 30-86a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) For the purposes of section 30-86, any permittee shall require any person whose age is in question to fill out and sign a statement in the following form on one occasion when each such person makes a purchase:
- 2618, 20...
- I,, hereby represent to, a permittee of the Connecticut Department of Consumer Protection, that I am over the age of 21 years, having been born on, 19.., at This statement is made to induce

- said permittee to sell or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages to the undersigned. I understand that title 30 of the general statutes prohibits the sale of alcoholic liquor to any person who is not twenty-one years
- 2625 of age.
- I understand that I am subject to a fine of one hundred dollars for the first offense and not more than two hundred fifty dollars for each subsequent offense for wilfully misrepresenting my age for the purposes set forth in this statement.
- 2630 (Name)
- 2631 (Address)
- 2632 Such statement once taken shall be applicable both to the particular 2633 sale in connection with which such statement was taken, as well as to 2634 all future sales at the same premises, and shall have full force and 2635 effect under subsection (b) of this section as to every subsequent sale or 2636 purchase. Such statement shall be printed upon appropriate forms to 2637 be furnished by the permittees and approved by the Department of 2638 Consumer Protection and shall be kept on file on the permit premises, 2639 alphabetically indexed, in a suitable file box, and shall be open to 2640 inspection by the Department of Consumer Protection or any of its 2641 agents or inspectors at any reasonable time. Any person who makes 2642 any false statement on a form signed by him as required by this section 2643 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars for the first offense 2644 and not more than two hundred fifty dollars for each subsequent 2645 offense.
- Sec. 134. Subsection (g) of section 30-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section to the contrary, food or nonalcoholic beverages may be sold, dispensed or consumed in places operating under an airport restaurant permit, an airport bar permit or an airport airline club permit, at any time, as

- allowed by agreement between the state of Connecticut and its lessees or concessionaires.
- Sec. 135. Subsection (d) of section 31-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2658 (d) The commissioner may grant to a reputable employer a 2659 certificate permitting such employer to distribute approved materials 2660 to be processed in approved homes by home workers having permits, upon proof that such processing in the homes is customary and 2661 2662 necessary in such employer's industry, that no harmful or dangerous apparatus or substances are to be used and that the persons who are to 2663 2664 do the processing fulfill the requirements specified for home workers 2665 in subsection (c) of this section. Each such employer shall pay a fee of 2666 twenty-five dollars each year for such certificate of permission. The 2667 commissioner may grant a permit to process specified materials in his 2668 home to a person who fulfills the requirements for a home worker 2669 specified in subsection (c) of this section. The commissioner may 2670 revoke any employer's certificate or any home worker's permit, at any 2671 time, for cause.
 - Sec. 136. Subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of section 31-225a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) (1) (A) Any week for which the employer has compensated the claimant in the form of wages in lieu of notice, dismissal payments or any similar payment for loss of wages shall be considered a week of employment for the purpose of determining employer chargeability. (B) No benefits shall be charged to any employer who paid wages of five hundred dollars or less to the claimant in his base period. (C) No dependency allowance paid to a claimant shall be charged to any employer. (D) In the event of a natural disaster declared by the President of the United States, no benefits paid on the basis of total or partial unemployment which is the result of physical damage to a

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place of employment caused by severe weather conditions including, but not limited to, hurricanes, snow storms, ice storms or flooding, or fire except where caused by the employer, shall be charged to any employer. (E) If the administrator finds that (i) an individual's most recent separation from a base period employer occurred under conditions which would result in disqualification by reason of subdivision (2), (6) or (9) of subsection (a) of section 31-236, or (ii) an individual was discharged for violating an employer's drug testing policy, provided the policy has been adopted and applied consistent with sections 31-51t to 31-51aa, inclusive, section 14-261b and any applicable federal law, no benefits paid thereafter to such individual with respect to any week of unemployment which is based upon wages paid by such employer with respect to employment prior to such separation shall be charged to such employer's account, provided such employer shall have filed a notice with the administrator within the time allowed for appeal in section 31-241. (F) No base period employer's account shall be charged with respect to benefits paid to a claimant if such employer continues to employ such claimant at the time the employer's account would otherwise have been charged to the same extent that he employed him during the individual's base period, provided the employer shall notify the administrator within the time allowed for appeal in section 31-241. (G) If a claimant has failed to accept suitable employment under the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 31-236 and the disqualification has been imposed, the account of the employer who makes an offer of employment to a claimant who was a former employee shall not be charged with any benefit payments made to such claimant after such initial offer of reemployment until such time as such claimant resumes employment with such employer, provided such employer shall make application therefor in a form acceptable to the administrator. The administrator shall notify such employer whether or not his application is granted. Any decision of the administrator denying suspension of charges as herein provided may be appealed within the time allowed for appeal in section 31-241. (H) Fifty per cent of benefits paid to a claimant under the federal-state extended duration

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unemployment benefits program established by the federal Employment Security Act shall be charged to the experience accounts of the claimant's base period employers in the same manner as the regular benefits paid for such benefit year. (I) No base period employer's account shall be charged with respect to benefits paid to a claimant who voluntarily left suitable work with such employer (i) to care for a seriously ill spouse, parent or child or (ii) due to the discontinuance of the transportation used by the claimant to get to and from work, as provided in subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (A)(iii) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 31-236.

Sec. 137. Subsection (a) of section 31-235 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if it has been found that (1) he has made claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 31-240 and has registered for work at the public employment bureau or other agency designated by the administrator within such time limits, with such frequency and in such manner as the administrator may prescribe, provided failure to comply with this condition may be excused by the administrator upon a showing of good cause therefor; (2) except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, he is physically and mentally able to work and is available for work and has been and is making reasonable efforts to obtain work, provided he shall not be considered to be unavailable for work solely because he is attending a school, college or university as a regularly enrolled student during his separation from employment, within the limitations of subdivision [(a)] (6) of subsection (a) of section 31-236, and provided further, he shall not be considered to be lacking in his efforts to obtain work if, as a student, he restricts such efforts to employment which does not conflict with his regular class hours as a student, and provided the administrator shall not use prior "patterns of unemployment" of the individual to determine whether he is available for work; (3) he has been paid wages by an employer who was subject to the provisions of

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this chapter during the base period of his current benefit year in an amount at least equal to forty times his benefit rate for total unemployment, [: Provided] provided an unemployed individual who is sixty-two years of age or older and is involuntarily retired under a compulsory retirement policy or contract provision shall be eligible for benefits with respect to any week, notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this [section] subsection, if it is found by the administrator that he has made claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 31-240, has registered for work at the public employment bureau, is physically and mentally able to work, is available for work, meets the requirements of this subdivision and has not refused suitable work to which he has been referred by the administrator; (4) he participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, if the individual has been determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and need reemployment services pursuant to a profiling system established by the administrator unless the administrator determines that (A) the individual has completed such services, or (B) there is justifiable cause for the individual's failure to participate in such services. The administrator shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, for the administration of the profiling system. For purposes of subdivision (2) of this [section] subsection, "patterns of unemployment" means regularly recurring periods of unemployment of the claimant in the years prior to his filing the claim in question.

Sec. 138. Subsection (a) of section 31-236b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this chapter, an otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the administrator by reason of the application of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 31-235 relating to availability for work, or the provisions of subdivision [(a)(1)] (1) of subsection (a) of section 31-236 relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitable work.

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- Sec. 139. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 31-273 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2791 (2) Any person who has made a claim for benefits under this 2792 chapter and has knowingly made a false statement or representation or 2793 has knowingly failed to disclose a material fact in order to obtain 2794 benefits or to increase the amount of benefits to which such person 2795 may be entitled under this chapter shall forfeit benefits for not less 2796 than one [nor] or more than thirty-nine compensable weeks following 2797 determination of such offense or offenses, during which weeks such 2798 person would otherwise have been eligible to receive benefits. For the 2799 purposes of section 31-231b, such person shall be deemed to have received benefits for such forfeited weeks. This penalty shall be in 2800 2801 addition to any other applicable penalty under this section and in 2802 addition to the liability to repay any moneys so received by such 2803 person and shall not be confined to a single benefit year.
- Sec. 140. Subsection (e) of section 32-9qq of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2807 (e) Each grant made under this section shall be authorized pursuant 2808 to regulations adopted by the Department of Economic and 2809 Community Development in accordance with the provisions of chapter 2810 54, which regulations may include, but shall not be limited to, 2811 provisions concerning application requirements, grant amounts and eligible use of funds, provided the amount of any grant under 2812 2813 subsection (b) of this section shall be not more than the amount 2814 specified in said subsection.
- Sec. 141. Section 32-70d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- Within thirty days after the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development approves the designation of an area as an enterprise zone in a municipality under subdivision (2) of subsection

(c) of section 32-70, the municipality shall establish a community enterprise zone board. The board shall establish policy for the promotion and development of the zone, coordinate economic development programs in the zone with related job training and social services programs and adopt an enterprise zone revitalization plan. The plan shall specify goals and objectives for the enterprise zone, describe strategies to attain such goals and establish implementation schedule. The municipality shall submit its plan to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development for review and comment. The board shall consist of (1) the following officials of such municipality, or designees of such officials: The official responsible for economic development programs; the chief executive official, or his designee; a representative of the legislative body, who shall be appointed by such body; the chief of police, or his designee; the housing administrator, or his designee; and a representative of the school board, who shall be appointed by such board; (2) a representative of the regional community-technical college serving the region in which the municipality is located, if applicable, who shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of such college; (3) two representatives of the business community of the municipality, one of whom shall be a member of the chamber of commerce from the municipality; (4) two persons who own businesses located in the enterprise zone; and (5) two representatives of neighborhood community organizations serving the area in which the zone is located or, if no such organization exists, two residents of said area. The board members described in subdivisions (3), (4) and (5) of this section shall be appointed by the chief executive official of the municipality.

Sec. 142. Subdivision (a) of section 38a-363 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) "Injury" means bodily injury, sickness or disease, including death resulting therefrom, accidentally caused and arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a private passenger motor vehicle or a vehicle with a commercial registration, as defined in subdivision

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- 2854 [(12)] (14) of subsection (a) of section 14-1.
- Sec. 143. Subsection (c) of section 42-103c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (c) Each registration shall be valid for a period of one year or a part thereof and shall expire on December thirty-first of each year and may be renewed for additional one-year periods on or before January first of the next and each following year upon written application under oath in the form prescribed by the commissioner and containing such information as he may require and the filing of the bond prescribed in subsection (b) of this section.
- Sec. 144. Subsection (d) of section 42-116t of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2868 (d) The rights and duties created under section 42-116s and this 2869 section: (1) Shall, with respect to the artist, or if any artist is deceased, 2870 his heir, legatee or designated personal representative, exist until the 2871 fiftieth anniversary of the death of such artist, (2) shall exist in addition 2872 to any other rights and duties which may be applicable on or after 2873 October 1, 1988, and (3) except as provided in subsection (e) of this 2874 section, may not be waived except by an instrument in writing 2875 expressly so providing which is signed by the artist.
- Sec. 145. Subsection (b) of section 42-133w of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) Compensation under subsection (a) of this section shall be paid by the manufacturer or distributor within ninety days of the effective date of termination, cancellation or nonrenewal if the dealer has title to the vehicle inventory and other items and is able to convey title to the manufacturer or distributor.

- Sec. 146. Section 42-205 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- A funeral service contract shall not be deemed a burial insurance policy under section [38-32] <u>38a-464</u>.
- Sec. 147. Subdivision (4) of section 42-240 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2891 (4) "Rent-to-own agreement" means an agreement for the use of 2892 personal property by an individual primarily for personal, family or 2893 household purposes, for an initial period of four months or less, 2894 whether or not there is any obligation beyond the initial period, that is 2895 automatically renewable with each payment and that permits the 2896 consumer to become the owner of the property. Any rent-to-own 2897 agreement which complies with sections 42-240 to 42-253, inclusive, 2898 shall not be construed to be, [nor] or be governed by the laws of this 2899 state regulating, any of the following:
- 2900 (A) A ["retail installment contract"] <u>retail installment contract,</u> as defined in section 36a-770;
- 2902 (B) A ["security interest" as that term is] security interest, as defined in [section 42a-1-201(37)] subdivision (37) of section 42a-1-201.
- Sec. 148. Subsection (b) of section 45a-56 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) Any member of the probate judges and employees retirement system who is retired and receiving benefits from such system, and the spouse of any such member, and upon the death of any such member, such member's surviving spouse, while receiving benefits from such system, may elect to participate in the group insurance plan procured by the Comptroller under subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 149. Subsection (d) of section 45a-56 of the general statutes is

- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (d) Any such member and spouse or surviving spouse who is a participant in the group insurance plan in effect prior to October 1, 1994, may elect to participate in the plan set forth in subsection (a) of this section at the premiums set forth in subsection (c) of this section, provided such election is made within sixty days of October 1, 1994.
- Sec. 150. Subsection (c) of section 45a-82 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2924 (c) All payments from said fund authorized by sections 5-259, 17a-2925 77, 17a-274, 17a-498, 17a-510, 19a-131b, 19a-131e, 19a-221, 45a-1 to 45a-2926 12, inclusive, 45a-18 to 45a-26, inclusive, 45a-34 to 45a-56, inclusive, 2927 [sections] 45a-62 to 45a-68, inclusive, 45a-74 to 45a-83, inclusive, 45a-90 2928 to 45a-94, inclusive, 45a-98, 45a-99, 45a-105, 45a-119 to 45a-123, 2929 inclusive, 45a-128, 45a-130, 45a-131, 45a-133, 45a-152, 45a-175 to 45a-2930 180, inclusive, 45a-199 and 45a-202, shall be made upon vouchers 2931 approved by the Probate Court Administrator.
- Sec. 151. Subsection (a) of section 45a-187 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2935 (a) An appeal under section 45a-186 by persons of the age of 2936 majority [and] who are present or who have legal notice to be present, 2937 or who have been given notice of their right to request a hearing or have filed a written waiver of their right to a hearing, shall be taken 2938 2939 within thirty days, except as otherwise provided in this section. If such 2940 persons have no notice to be present and are not present, or have not 2941 been given notice of their right to request a hearing, such appeal shall 2942 be taken within twelve months, except for appeals by such persons 2943 from an order of termination of parental rights, other than an order of 2944 termination of parental rights based on consent, or a decree of 2945 adoption, in which case appeal shall be taken within ninety days. An

- appeal from an order of termination of parental rights based on consent, which order is issued on or after October 1, 2004, shall be taken within twenty days.
- Sec. 152. Subsection (c) of section 45a-676 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (c) For <u>the</u> purposes of sections 45a-669 to [45a-784] <u>45a-684</u>, inclusive, [and section 46b-29,] any alleged inability of the respondent must be evidenced by recent behavior which would cause harm or create a risk of harm, by clear and convincing proof.
- Sec. 153. Subdivision (4) of section 45a-690 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (4) "Best interest" shall include all of the following factors: (A) Less drastic alternative contraceptive methods have proved unworkable or inapplicable, (B) the individual is physiologically sexually mature, (C) there is no evidence of infertility, (D) the individual has the capability and a reasonable opportunity for sexual activity, (E) the individual is unable to understand reproduction or contraception and there exists the likely permanence of that inability, (F) the physical or emotional inability to care for [the] a child, (G) the proponents of the sterilization are seeking sterilization in good faith and their primary concern is for the best interests of the respondent rather than their own convenience or the convenience of the public, and (H) in the case of females, procreation would endanger the life or severely impair the health of the individual.
- Sec. 154. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (5) of section 46a-11 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2975 (B) Such person does not indicate refusal to give consent to receipt 2976 [to] of the information by the director.

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- (c) Any person who places a burning cross or a simulation thereof on any public property, or on any private property without the written consent of the owner, shall be in violation of subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 156. Subdivision (4) of subsection (d) of section 46a-82e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (4) If the commission and parties agree on a date certain, the court shall order the commission to issue a finding by said date. If the allegations of the petition are contested, the court shall hold a hearing on the petition and issue an appropriate order. Hearing of oral argument on the petition shall take precedence over other matters in the court, as provided in section 46a-96. The court shall award court costs and attorney's fees to the petitioner, provided such party is a "person", as defined in [subsection (l) of] section 4-184a, unless the commission shows good cause for not issuing the finding of reasonable cause or no reasonable cause within two years of the date of filing or the date ordered by the executive director for the investigator to issue such finding, whichever is later. An award of court costs and attorney's fees shall be subject to the court's discretion, but shall not exceed a total of five hundred dollars.
 - Sec. 157. Subsection (e) of section 46b-38c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (e) A protective order issued under this section may include provisions necessary to protect the victim from threats, harassment, injury or intimidation by the defendant, including, but not limited to, an order enjoining the defendant from (1) imposing any restraint upon the person or liberty of the victim, (2) threatening, harassing,

assaulting, molesting or sexually assaulting the victim, or (3) entering the family dwelling or the dwelling of the victim. Such order shall be made a condition of the bail or release of the defendant and shall contain the following language: "In accordance with section 53a-223 of the Connecticut general statutes, any violation of this order constitutes criminal violation of a protective order which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of not more than five years, a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or both. Additionally, in accordance with section 53a-107 of the Connecticut general statutes, entering or remaining in a building or any other premises in violation of this order constitutes criminal trespass in the first degree which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of not more than one year, a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or both. Violation of this order also violates a condition of your bail or release, and may result in raising the amount of bail or revoking release." Every order of the court made in accordance with this section after notice and hearing shall also contain the following language: "This court had jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter when it issued this protection order. Respondent was afforded both notice and opportunity to be heard in the hearing that gave rise to this order. Pursuant to the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, 18 USC 2265, this order is valid and enforceable in all fifty states, any territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and tribal lands." The information contained in and concerning the issuance of any protective order issued under this section shall be entered in the registry of protective orders pursuant to section 51-5c.

Sec. 158. Subdivision (1) of subsection (m) of section 46b-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(1) A family support magistrate in IV-D support cases may compel the attendance of witnesses or the obligor under a summons issued pursuant to sections 17b-745, 46b-172 [,] and 46b-215₂ [or under] a subpoena issued pursuant to section 52-143, or a citation for failure to obey an order of a family support magistrate or a judge of the Superior

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Court. If a person is served with any such summons, subpoena or citation issued by a family support magistrate or the assistant clerk of the Family Support Magistrate Division and fails to appear, a family support magistrate may issue a capias mittimus directed to a proper officer to arrest the obligor or the witness and bring him before a family support magistrate. Whenever such a capias mittimus is ordered, the family support magistrate shall establish a recognizance to the state of Connecticut in the form of a bond of such character and amount as to assure the appearance of the obligor at the next regular session of the Family Support Magistrate Division in the judicial district in which the matter is pending. If the obligor posts such a bond, and thereafter fails to appear before the family support magistrate at the time and place he is ordered to appear, the family support magistrate may order the bond forfeited, and the proceeds thereof paid to the state in TANF cases or the obligee in non-TANF cases.

Sec. 159. Subdivision (4) of subsection (m) of section 46b-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(4) Motions for modification of existing child and spousal support orders entered by the Superior Court in IV-D support cases, including motions to modify existing child and spousal support orders entered in actions brought pursuant to chapter 815j, shall be brought in the Family Support Magistrate Division and decided by a family support magistrate. Family support magistrates, in deciding if a spousal or child support order should be modified, shall make such determination based upon the criteria set forth in [section] sections 46b-84 and [section] 46b-215b. A person who is aggrieved by a decision of a family support magistrate modifying a Superior Court order is entitled to appeal such decision in accordance with the provisions of subsection (n) of this section.

Sec. 160. Subsection (c) of section 47-5 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*

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- 3077 (c) Nothing in subsection (b) of this section precludes the use of any 3078 other legal form of execution of deed or other conveyance of real 3079 property.
- 3080 Sec. 161. Subsection (a) of section 47-12a of the general statutes is 3081 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3082 passage):
- (a) An affidavit, which states facts relating to the matters named in subsection (b) of this section and which may affect the title to or any interest in real estate in this state, and which is made by any person having knowledge of the facts or competent to testify concerning them in open court, may be recorded in the land records of the town in which the real estate is situated. If so recorded, and if the affiant is 3089 dead or otherwise not available to testify in court, then the affidavit, or 3090 a certified copy of it, is admissible as prima facie evidence of the facts stated in it, so far as those facts affect title to real estate in any action 3092 involving the title to that real estate or any interest in it.
 - Sec. 162. Subsection (b) of section 47-70a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
 - (b) The declarant may require a unit owner or purchaser to execute and to deliver to the declarant a power of attorney or other document assigning to the declarant the right of a unit owner to vote on the amendment of condominium instruments pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, provided [that] such power of attorney or other document shall be exercised or implemented only to amend the condominium instruments for the purpose of adding additional land in an expandable condominium pursuant to section 47-71a, and to reallocate the undivided interests in the common elements resulting from such expansion [,] pursuant to subsection (c) of section 47-74, and the power of attorney or other document shall be expressly so limited.

- Sec. 163. Subsection (c) of section 47-88 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3110 (c) Upon removal of the property from the provisions of this 3111 chapter, any rights the unit owners may have to the assets of the unit 3112 owners' association shall be in proportion to their respective undivided 3113 interests in the common elements immediately prior to the recordation 3114 of the instrument referred to in subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 164. Subsection (c) of section 47-90a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) Every person who directly or indirectly controls a declarant liable under subsection (a) of this section, every general partner, officer or director of a declarant and every person occupying a similar status or performing a similar function, every employee of the declarant who materially aids in the disposition, and every agent who materially aids in the disposition is also liable jointly and severally with and to the same extent as the declarant, provided the plaintiff sustains the burden of proof that such person knew or, in the exercise of reasonable care expected by such persons in the reasonable exercise of their duties, should have known of the existence of the facts by reason of which the liability is alleged to exist. There is a right to contribution in cases of contract among persons so liable. No person shall be liable under this section whose relationship to the declarant or other person consists solely of rendering professional and other customary services, including, but not limited to: (1) An attorney-at-law, architect, land surveyor or engineer; (2) a lending institution which is not a declarant whose relationship to the declarant consists solely of rendering customary banking services and holding a mortgage on all or a portion of the condominium which mortgage, or agreements or instruments relating thereto, may contain mutual covenants and agreements concerning the approval of the condominium instruments and amendments thereto, and regulates the activity of the declarant under

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the condominium instruments or an officer, director or employee of such lending institution; (3) a real estate broker or salesman whose relationship to the declarant consists solely of rendering services described in subdivision (3) of section 20-311 and other customary services; or (4) a person whose sole involvement in the disposition of a condominium unit occurs subsequent to the date of the act or omission out of which any liability under subsection (a) of this section arises.

- Sec. 165. Subsection (b) of section 47-206 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, if part of a unit is acquired by eminent domain, the award shall compensate the unit owner for the reduction in value of the unit and its interest in the common elements, whether or not any common elements are acquired. On acquisition, unless the decree otherwise provides, (1) that unit's allocated interests are reduced in proportion to the reduction in the size of the unit, or on any other basis specified in the declaration, and (2) the portion of the allocated interests divested from the partially acquired unit are automatically reallocated to that unit and to the remaining units in proportion to the respective allocated interests of those units before the taking, with the partially-acquired unit participating in the reallocation on the basis of its reduced allocated interests.
- Sec. 166. Subsection (e) of section 47-237 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (e) The association, on behalf of the unit owners, may contract for the sale of real property in a common interest community, but the contract is not binding on the unit owners until approved pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section. If any real property is to be sold following termination, title to that real property, on termination, vests in the association as trustee for the holders of all interests in the units.

3172 Thereafter, the association has all powers necessary and appropriate to 3173 effect the sale. Until the sale has been concluded and the proceeds 3174 thereof distributed, the association continues in existence with all 3175 powers it had before termination. Proceeds of the sale shall be 3176 distributed to unit owners and lien holders, as their interests may 3177 appear, in accordance with subsections (h), (i) and (j) of this section. 3178 Unless otherwise specified in the termination agreement, as long as the 3179 association holds title to the real property, each unit owner and the 3180 unit owner's successors in interest have an exclusive right to 3181 occupancy of the portion of the real property that formerly constituted 3182 the unit. During the period of that occupancy, each unit owner and the 3183 unit owner's successors in interest remain liable for all assessments 3184 and other obligations imposed on unit owners by this chapter or the 3185 declaration.

Sec. 167. Subsection (d) of section 47-245 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(d) Subject to the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, the declaration may provide for a period of declarant control of the association, during which a declarant, or persons designated by him, may appoint and remove the officers and members of the executive board. Regardless of the period provided in the declaration, a period of declarant control terminates no later than the earlier of: (1) Sixty days after conveyance of sixty per cent of the units that may be created to unit owners other than a declarant, except that in the case of a master planned community, control terminates no later than sixty days after conveyance to unit owners other than the declarant of sixty per cent of the maximum number of units that may be built, if that number is specified, or, if no such number is specified, after conveyance to unit owners other than the declarant of three hundred units; (2) two years after all declarants have ceased to offer units for sale in the ordinary course of business; (3) two years after any right to add new units was last exercised; or (4) the date the declarant, after giving written notice to unit owners, records an instrument voluntarily surrendering all

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rights to control activities of the association. A declarant may voluntarily surrender the right to appoint and remove officers and members of the executive board before termination of that period, but in that event the declarant may require, for the duration of the period of declarant control, that specified actions of the association or executive board, as described in a recorded instrument executed by the declarant, be approved by the declarant before they become effective.

- Sec. 168. Subsection (a) of section 47a-30 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) When any farm employee or any domestic servant, caretaker, manager or other employee as described in [subsection (b) of] section 47a-36 occupies a dwelling, dwelling unit or tenement furnished by his employer and when his employment is terminated by himself or his employer, or such employee fails to report for employment, and fails to vacate the premises in which he is residing, he shall be given not less than three days' notice to quit possession of such premises on the form prescribed by section 47a-23.
 - Sec. 169. Subsection (c) of section 49-32a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) (1) If a notice of federal tax lien or other federal lien, a refiling of a notice of tax lien or other federal lien or a notice of revocation of any certificate described in subdivision (2) of this subsection is presented to the filing officer and (A) the filing officer is the Secretary of the State, said secretary shall cause the notice to be marked, held and indexed in accordance with the provisions of section 42a-9-519 as if the notice were a financing statement within the meaning of that section; or (B) the filing officer is a town clerk, such town clerk shall endorse thereon such town clerk's identification and the date and time of receipt and forthwith record it in accordance with section 42a-9-519. (2) If a certificate of release, nonattachment, discharge or subordination of any

tax lien or other federal lien is presented to the Secretary of the State for filing, said secretary shall (A) cause a certificate of release or nonattachment to be marked, held and indexed as if the certificate were a termination statement within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code, and (B) cause a certificate of discharge or subordination to be held, marked and indexed as if the certificate were a release of collateral within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code. (3) If a refiled notice of federal tax lien or other federal lien referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection or any of the certificates or notices referred to in subsection (b) of this section is presented for filing with any other filing officer specified in subsection (a) of this section, such filing officer shall record it in accordance with section 42a-9-519 if the original was recorded or, if the original was filed, permanently attach the refiled notice or the certificate to the original notice of lien and enter the refiled notice or the certificate with the date of filing in any alphabetical federal tax lien index or other federal lien index on the line where the original notice of lien is entered. (4) Upon request of any person, the filing officer shall issue a certificate showing whether there is on file, on the date and hour stated therein, any notice of federal tax lien or other federal lien or certificate or notice affecting the lien, filed on or after July 1, 1967, naming a particular person, and if a notice or certificate is on file, giving the date and hour of filing of each notice or certificate. The fee for such a certificate and for a copy of any notice of federal tax lien or other federal lien or notice or certificate affecting a federal tax lien or other federal lien shall be computed in accordance with section 42a-9-525.

Sec. 170. Section 49-92g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Any person who stores, cares for, maintains, repairs, or furnishes any services, gasoline, accessories, materials or other supplies at the request of or with the consent of the owner, his agent or legal possessor of an aircraft, as defined in section 15-34, has a lien upon [and may retain possession of] the aircraft until the sum due for any fees, expenses or charges for such storage, care, maintenance [,] or

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- Sec. 171. Subsection (f) of section 51-44a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3287 (f) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, the 3288 commission shall seek qualified candidates for consideration by the 3289 Governor for nomination as judges for the Superior Court, Appellate 3290 Court and Supreme Court. The commission shall adopt regulations, in 3291 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, concerning criteria by 3292 which to evaluate the qualifications of candidates, including 3293 incumbent judges who seek appointment to a different court. The 3294 commission shall investigate and interview the candidates, including 3295 incumbent judges seeking appointment to a different court. A list of 3296 such qualified candidates shall be compiled by the commission.
- Sec. 172. Subsection (c) of section 51-190a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) When an action is tried by a judge of the Superior Court other than those mentioned in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, and it is not otherwise provided by law where the file and papers shall be lodged, the judge, when a decision has been reached, shall designate a

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- clerk of the Superior Court with whom the file and papers shall be lodged and shall thereupon lodge them and a memorandum of his decision with the clerk.
- Sec. 173. Subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of section 51-277 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3310 (d) (1) The Chief State's Attorney and each deputy chief state's attorney may sign any warrants, [information] <u>informations</u>, applications for grand jury investigations and applications for extradition.
- Sec. 174. Subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of section 51-278 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3317 (4) Each Chief State's Attorney, deputy chief state's attorney or state's attorney who (A) is ineligible to elect under subdivision (3) of this subsection, (B) is not subject to the provisions of chapter 66, and (C) had vested under the State Employees Retirement Fund, prior to his appointment to such office, shall vest under the [State Attorney's] State's Attorneys' Retirement Fund upon reappointment to any such office by the Criminal Justice Commission.
- Sec. 175. Subsection (b) of section 52-57 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3327 (b) Process in civil actions against the following-described classes of 3328 defendants shall be served as follows: (1) Against a town, upon its 3329 clerk, assistant clerk, manager or one of its selectmen; (2) against a city, 3330 upon its clerk or assistant clerk or upon its mayor or manager; (3) 3331 against a borough, upon its manager, clerk or assistant clerk or upon 3332 the warden or one of its burgesses; (4) against a school district, upon 3333 its clerk or one of its committee; (5) against a board, commission, 3334 department or agency of a town, city or borough, notwithstanding any

provision of law, upon the clerk of the town, city or borough, provided two copies of such process shall be served upon the clerk and the clerk shall retain one copy and forward the second copy to the board, commission, department or agency; (6) against any other municipal or quasi-municipal [corporations] corporation, upon its clerk or upon its chief presiding officer or managing agent; and (7) against an employee of a town, city or borough in a cause of action arising from the employee's duties or employment, upon the clerk of the town, city or borough, provided two copies of such process shall be served upon the clerk and the clerk shall retain one copy and forward the second copy to the employee.

Sec. 176. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 52-225d of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (b) (1) If the parties agree on the terms of payment pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, with respect to recoverable economic damages and recoverable noneconomic damages in excess of two hundred thousand dollars, the court shall, subject to a determination by the court that the terms of subsection (e) of this section have been satisfied, enter an amended judgment incorporating such agreement of the parties into the amended judgment. (2) If the parties fail to agree on the terms of payment pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, with respect to the payment of damages in excess of two hundred thousand dollars, the court shall enter an amended judgment to provide for the payment of such damages in a lump sum.
- (c) If an amended judgment for periodic installment payments is entered pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, that portion of the contingency fee or any other payment arranged between the claimant and the attorney for professional services relating to recoverable economic damages and recoverable noneconomic damages subject to periodic installment payments as required under such amended judgment shall be payable in periodic installment payments in

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- 3368 accordance with an order to be entered by the court simultaneously 3369 with but separate and apart from the amended judgment, unless prior 3370 to the entry of that order the claimant and such attorney have 3371 otherwise agreed and so informed the court.
- Sec. 177. Subsection (a) of section 52-328 of the general statutes is 3372 3373 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3374 passage):
- 3375 (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, no personal 3376 estate which has been attached may be held to respond to the 3377 judgment obtained in the suit, either against the debtor or any other creditor, unless the judgment creditor takes out an execution and has it 3378 3379 levied on the personal estate attached, or has demand made on the 3380 garnishee in cases of foreign attachment, within sixty days after final 3381 judgment, or, if such personal estate is encumbered by any prior 3382 attachment, unless the execution is so levied within sixty days after 3383 such encumbrance has been removed.
- 3384 Sec. 178. Subsection (b) of section 52-356b of the general statutes is 3385 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3386 passage):
 - (b) The court may issue a turnover order pursuant to this section, after notice and hearing or as provided in subsection (c) of this section, on a showing of need for the order. If the order is to be directed against a third person, such person shall be notified of his right pursuant to section 52-356c to a determination of any interest claimed in the property.
- 3393 Sec. 179. Subsection (c) of section 52-412 of the general statutes is 3394 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3395 passage):
- 3396 (c) Any party to a written agreement for arbitration may make 3397 application to the Superior Court, or, when the court is not in session, 3398 to a judge thereof, having jurisdiction as provided in subsection (b) of

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- this section, for an order directing the taking of depositions, in the manner and for the reasons prescribed by law for taking depositions to be used in a civil action, for use as evidence in an arbitration.
- Sec. 180. Section 52-577a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) No product liability claim, as defined in section 52-572m, shall be brought but within three years from the date when the injury, death or property damage is first sustained or discovered or in the exercise of reasonable care should have been discovered, except that, subject to the provisions of subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section, no such action may be brought against any party nor may any party be impleaded pursuant to subsection (b) of this section later than ten years from the date that the party last parted with possession or control of the product.
 - (b) In any such action, a product seller may implead any third party who is or may be liable for all or part of the claimant's claim, if such third party defendant is served with the third party complaint within one year from the date the cause of action brought under subsection (a) of this section is returned to court.
 - (c) The ten-year limitation provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to any product liability claim brought by a claimant who is not entitled to compensation under chapter 568, provided the claimant can prove that the harm occurred during the useful safe life of the product. In determining whether a product's useful safe life has expired, the trier of fact may consider among other factors: (1) The effect on the product of wear and tear or deterioration from natural causes; (2) the effect of climatic and other local conditions in which the product was used; (3) the policy of the user and similar users as to repairs, renewals and replacements; (4) representations, instructions and warnings made by the product seller about the useful safe life of the product; and (5) any modification or alteration of the product by a user or third party.

- (d) The ten-year limitation provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall be extended pursuant to the terms of any express written warranty that the product can be used for a period longer than ten years, and shall not preclude any action against a product seller who intentionally misrepresents a product or fraudulently conceals information about it, provided the misrepresentation or fraudulent concealment was the proximate cause of harm of the claimant.
- (e) The ten-year limitation provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to any product liability claim, whenever brought, involving injury, death or property damage caused by contact with or exposure to asbestos, except that (1) no such action for personal injury or death may be brought by the claimant later than sixty years from the date that the claimant last had contact with or exposure to asbestos, and (2) no such action for damage to property may be brought by the claimant later than thirty years from the date of last contact with or exposure to asbestos.
- 3447 (f) The definitions contained in section 52-572m shall apply to this section. 3448
- 3449 (g) The provisions of this section shall apply to all product liability claims brought on or after October 1, 1979. 3450
- 3451 Sec. 181. Subsection (e) of section 53a-29 of the general statutes is 3452 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3453 passage):
- 3454 (e) The period of probation, unless terminated sooner as provided in 3455 section 53a-32, shall be not less than ten years [nor] or more than 3456 thirty-five years for conviction of a violation of subdivision (2) of 3457 subsection (a) of section 53-21 [,] or section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 3458 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b, 53a-90a, 53a-196b, 53a-196c, 53a-196d, 53a-3459 196e or 53a-196f.
- 3460 Sec. 182. Subsection (e) of section 53a-30 of the general statutes is 3461 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from

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(e) The court may require that the person subject to electronic monitoring [subject] <u>pursuant</u> to subsection (a) of this section pay directly to the electronic monitoring service provider a fee for the cost of such electronic monitoring services. If the court finds that the person subject to electronic monitoring is indigent and unable to pay the costs of electronic monitoring services, it shall waive such costs. Any contract entered into by the judicial branch and the electronic monitoring service provider shall include a provision stating that the total cost for electronic monitoring services shall not exceed five dollars per day. Such amount shall be indexed annually to reflect the rate of inflation.

Sec. 183. Section 54-1k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

Upon the arrest of a person for a violation of section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e, the court may issue a protective order pursuant to this section. Such order shall be an order of the court, and the clerk of the court shall cause a certified copy of such order to be sent to the victim, and a copy of such order, or the information contained in such order, to be sent by facsimile or other means within forty-eight hours of its issuance to the appropriate law enforcement agency. A protective order issued under this section may include provisions necessary to protect the victim from threats, harassment, injury or intimidation by the defendant, including but not limited to, an order enjoining the defendant from (1) imposing any restraint upon the person or liberty of the victim, (2) threatening, harassing, assaulting, molesting or sexually assaulting the victim, or (3) entering the dwelling of the victim. Such order shall be made a condition of the bail or release of the defendant and shall contain the following language: "In accordance with section 53a-223 of the Connecticut general statutes, any violation of this order constitutes criminal violation of a protective order which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of not more than five years, a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or both. Additionally, in

accordance with section 53a-107 of the Connecticut general statutes, entering or remaining in a building or any other premises in violation of this order constitutes criminal trespass in the first degree [. These are criminal offenses each] which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of not more than one year, a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or both. Violation of this order also violates a condition of your bail or release and may result in raising the amount of bail or revoking release." The information contained in and concerning the issuance of any protective order issued under this section shall be entered in the registry of protective orders pursuant to section 51-5c.

- 3506 Sec. 184. Subsection (c) of section 54-41p of the general statutes is 3507 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3508 passage):
- 3509 (c) If an investigative officer, while engaged in the interception of 3510 wire communications in accordance with the provisions of this 3511 chapter, intercepts wire communications relating to any crime not 3512 specified in the order authorizing such interception, the contents of 3513 such intercepted communications and evidence derived therefrom 3514 may be disclosed as otherwise provided in subsection (a) of this 3515 section.
- 3516 Sec. 185. Subsection (a) of section 54-47g of the general statutes is 3517 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 3518 passage):
- 3519 (a) Within sixty days of the conclusion of the investigation, the 3520 investigatory grand jury conducting such investigation shall file its 3521 finding with the court of the judicial district designated by the Chief 3522 Court Administrator pursuant to subsection (a) of section 54-47d, and 3523 shall file a copy of its finding with the panel and with the Chief State's 3524 Attorney or a state's attorney if such Chief State's Attorney or state's 3525 attorney made application for the investigation. The stenographer shall 3526 file any record of the investigation with the court of the judicial district

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designated by the Chief Court Administrator pursuant to subsection (a) of section 54-47d and the panel and the Chief State's Attorney or a state's attorney, if such Chief State's Attorney or state's attorney made application for the investigation, shall have access to such record upon request made to the clerk of the court without a hearing. Such finding shall state whether or not there is probable cause to believe that a crime or crimes have been committed. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any part of the record of the investigation not disclosed with the finding pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be sealed, provided any person may file an application with the panel for disclosure of any such part of the record. Upon receipt of such application, the panel shall, after notice, hold a hearing and the panel, by a majority vote, may disclose any such part of the record when such disclosure is deemed by the panel to be in the public interest, except that no part of the record shall be disclosed which contains allegations of the commission of a crime by an individual if the investigatory grand jury failed to find probable cause that such individual committed such crime unless such individual requests the release of such part of the record. Any person aggrieved by an order of the panel shall have the right to appeal such order by filing a petition for review with the Appellate Court within seventy-two hours from the issuance of such order.

Sec. 186. Subsection (b) of section 54-82r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) A protective order shall set forth the reasons for the issuance of such order, be specific in terms and describe in reasonable detail, and not by reference to the complaint or other document, the act or acts being restrained. A protective order issued under this section may include provisions necessary to protect the witness from threats, harassment, injury or intimidation by the adverse party including, but not limited to, enjoining the adverse party from (1) imposing any restraint upon the person or liberty of the witness, (2) threatening, harassing, assaulting, molesting or sexually assaulting the witness, or

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- 3561 (3) entering the dwelling of the witness. Such order shall contain the 3562 following language: "In accordance with section 53a-223 of the 3563 Connecticut general statutes, any violation of this order constitutes 3564 criminal violation of a protective order which is punishable by a term 3565 of imprisonment of not more than five years, a fine of not more than 3566 five thousand dollars, or both. Additionally, in accordance with section 3567 53a-107 of the Connecticut general statutes, entering or remaining in a building or any other premises in violation of this order constitutes 3568 3569 criminal trespass in the first degree [. These are criminal offenses each] 3570 which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of not more than one 3571 year, a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or both." If the 3572 adverse party is the defendant in the criminal case, such order shall be 3573 made a condition of the bail or release of the defendant and shall also 3574 contain the following language: "Violation of this order also violates a 3575 condition of your bail or release and may result in raising the amount 3576 of bail or revoking release."
- Sec. 187. Subsection (f) of section 54-124a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3580 (f) The Board of Pardons and Paroles shall have independent 3581 decision-making authority to (1) grant or deny parole in accordance 3582 with sections 54-125, 54-125a, 54-125e and 54-125g, (2) establish 3583 conditions of parole or special parole supervision in accordance with 3584 section 54-126, (3) rescind or revoke parole or special parole in 3585 accordance with sections 54-127 and 54-128, (4) grant commutations of 3586 punishment or releases, conditioned or absolute, in the case of any 3587 person convicted of any offense against the state and commutations 3588 from the penalty of death in accordance with section [18-26] 54-130a.
- Sec. 188. Subsection (c) of section 54-125e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3592 (c) The period of special parole shall be not less than one year [nor]

- 3594 ten years for a person convicted of a violation of subdivision (2) of
- 3595 section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000,
- 3596 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21 [,] or section 53a-70,
- 3597 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b or sentenced as a
- 3598 persistent dangerous felony offender pursuant to subsection (h) of
- 3599 section 53a-40 or as a persistent serious felony offender pursuant to
- 3600 subsection (j) of section 53a-40.
- Sec. 189. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 54-156 of the general
- 3602 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3603 (*Effective from passage*):
- 3604 (b) If an arrest is made in this state by an officer of another state in
- accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, he
- 3606 shall, without unnecessary delay, take the person arrested before a
- 3607 judge of the superior court for the judicial district in which the arrest
- 3608 was made, who shall conduct a hearing for the purpose of determining
- 3609 the lawfulness of the arrest. If such judge determines that the arrest
- 3610 was lawful, he shall commit the person arrested to await for a
- reasonable time the issuance of an extradition warrant by the Governor
- 3612 of this state or admit him to bail for such purpose. If such judge
- determines that the arrest was unlawful, he shall discharge the person
- 3614 arrested.
- 3615 (c) Subsection (a) of this section shall not be construed so as to make
- 3616 unlawful any arrest in this state which would otherwise be lawful.
- Sec. 190. Subdivision (16) of subsection (b) of section 54-203 of the
- 3618 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 3619 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3620 (16) Within available appropriations to establish a crime victims'
- information clearinghouse which shall be a central repository for
- information collected pursuant to subdivision (9) of this subsection
- 3623 and information made available through the criminal justice
- 3624 information system, to provide a toll-free telephone number for access

- to such information and to develop a plan, in consultation with all agencies required to provide notification to victims, outlining any needed statutory changes, resources and working agreements necessary to make the Office of Victim Services the lead agency for notification of victims, which plan shall be submitted to the General Assembly not later than February 15, 2000.
- Sec. 191. Subsection (a) of section 28-5 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The commissioner may make studies and surveys of the manpower, industries, resources and facilities of the state to ascertain the capabilities of the state for civil preparedness and to plan for their most efficient use in time of emergency. The commissioner may apply to the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford, or to a judge of said court if the court is not in session, for a subpoena to compel the attendance of such witnesses or the production of such books, papers, records or documents of individuals, firms, associations or corporations as may be necessary to the effective preparation of the civil preparedness of the state. [Said] The court or [such] judge shall, before issuing such subpoena, provide adequate opportunity for the commissioner and the party against whom the subpoena is requested to be heard. No such subpoena shall issue unless the court or judge certifies that the attendance of such witness or the production of such books, papers, records or documents is reasonably necessary to the effective preparation of the civil preparedness of the state and that the commissioner has made reasonable efforts to secure such attendance or such books, papers, records or documents without recourse to compulsory process.
- Sec. 192. Section 29-155b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):
- 3655 Upon being satisfied, after investigation, of the good character, 3656 competency and integrity of an applicant, or, if the applicant is an

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association or partnership, of the individual members thereof, or if a corporation, of all officers and directors thereof, the commissioner may grant a license to conduct such private detective business and to maintain a bureau, agency, subagency, office or branch office for the conduct of such business on the premises stated in such application. The license for an individual private detective shall be as a private detective, and [,] the license for a corporation, association or partnership shall be as a private detective agency. Such license shall be for a term of two years and application for renewal shall be on a form furnished by the commissioner. Each licensee shall permit the department to inspect, review or copy those documents, business records or training records in the licensee's possession that are required by regulation to be maintained.

Sec. 193. Section 29-158 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):

Any license may be suspended or revoked by the commissioner, provided notice shall have been given to the licensee to appear before the commissioner to show cause why the license should not be suspended or revoked, upon a finding by the commissioner that: (1) The licensee has violated any of the terms or provisions of sections 29-153 to 29-161, inclusive, or any of the regulations [promulgated] adopted thereunder; (2) the licensee has practiced fraud, deceit or misrepresentation to the clients of the licensee; (3) the licensee has made a material misstatement in the application for issuance or renewal of such licensee's license; (4) the licensee has demonstrated incompetence or untrustworthiness in the conduct of such licensee's business; (5) the licensee has been convicted of a felony or other crime affecting such licensee's honesty, integrity or moral fitness. If the licensee has been convicted under section 53a-61 or 53a-62, the commissioner shall consider the facts and circumstances surrounding such convictions prior to suspending or revoking [said] the license. Any party aggrieved by an order of the commissioner hereunder may appeal therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183, except venue for such appeal shall be in the judicial district of New

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- 3691 Britain.
- Sec. 194. Section 29-161g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):
- 10110Wing is substituted in fied thereof (Lijective October 1, 2005).
- No person shall engage in the business of, or solicit business as a security service or make representations to be or advertise as
- 3696 furnishing security services without first obtaining a license from the
- 3697 Commissioner of Public Safety.
- 3698 Sec. 195. Subsection (a) of section 29-161k of the general statutes is
- 3699 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3700 *October 1, 2005*):
- 3701 (a) Application for a license as a security service [,] shall be made in 3702 writing, under oath, on a form to be furnished by the Commissioner of 3703 Public Safety. The application shall state the applicant's full name, age, 3704 date and place of birth, residences and employment within the past 3705 five years and the applicant's present occupation with the names and 3706 addresses of employers, the date and place of conviction of any crime 3707 and such additional information as the commissioner requires to 3708 investigate the qualification, character, competency and integrity of the 3709 applicant. If the applicant is an association, corporation or partnership, 3710 similar information shall be required of each individual composing or 3711 intending to compose such association, corporation or partnership.
- Sec. 196. Section 29-271 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3714 Any state-assisted rental housing or rental housing project 3715 constructed or substantially rehabilitated under a building permit 3716 application filed on or after January 1, 1976, and prior to October 1, 3717 2004, [and which] that contains ten or more housing units shall have at 3718 least ten per cent of the units and all common use areas and facilities 3719 designed to promote safe and accessible means of entrance and egress and ease of access and use of facilities for the physically disabled, as 3720 3721 defined in subsection (b) of section 1-1f, unless a waiver of such

requirement is obtained from the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development as provided in this section. Any stateassisted rental housing or rental housing project constructed or substantially rehabilitated under a building permit application filed on or after October 1, 2004, [and which] that contains four or more dwelling units shall have the dwelling units and all common use areas and facilities designed in accordance with the State Building Code to promote the safe and accessible use of facilities for the physically disabled, as defined in subsection (b) of section 1-1f, unless such waiver is obtained. Said commissioner may, with the concurrence of the director of the Office of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities and the State Building Inspector, waive the requirement for such units for any state-financed rental housing project awarded state assistance under sections 8-124a and 8-216b, provided all requirements concerning the provision of housing units accessible to the physically disabled promulgated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development have been met. Physically disabled persons and families shall receive priority in placement in no less than ten per cent of the housing units constructed or substantially rehabilitated after January 1, 1976.

Sec. 197. Subsection (c) of section 29-402 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to (1) a person who is engaged in the disassembling, transportation and reconstruction of historic buildings for historical purposes or in the demolition of farm buildings or in the renovation, alteration or reconstruction of a single-family residence, (2) the removal of underground petroleum storage tanks, (3) the burning of a building or structure as part of an organized fire department training exercise, or (4) the demolition of a single-family residence or out building by an owner of such structure if it does not exceed a height of thirty feet, provided (A) the owner shall be present on site while such demolition work is in progress [,] and shall be held personally liable for any injury to individuals or damage to

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public or private property caused by such demolition, and [provided further] (B) such demolition shall be permitted only with respect to buildings which have clearance from other structures, roads or highways equal to or greater than the height of the structure subject to demolition. The local building official may require additional clearance when deemed necessary for safety.

Sec. 198. Subdivision (1) of subsection (u) of section 36a-70 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(u) (1) Each trust bank and uninsured bank shall keep assets on deposit in the amount of at least one million dollars with such banks as the commissioner may approve, provided a trust bank or uninsured bank that received its final certificate of authority prior to May 12, 2004, shall keep assets on deposit as follows: At least two hundred fifty thousand dollars no later than one year from May 12, 2004, at least five hundred thousand dollars no later than two years from [such] said date, at least seven hundred fifty thousand dollars no later than three years from [such] said date and at least one million dollars no later than four years from [such] said date. No trust bank or uninsured bank shall make a deposit pursuant to this section until the bank at which the assets are to be deposited and the trust bank or uninsured bank shall have executed a deposit agreement satisfactory to the commissioner. The value of such assets shall be based upon the principal amount or market value, whichever is lower. If the commissioner determines that an asset that otherwise qualifies under this section shall be valued at less than the amount otherwise provided in this subdivision, the commissioner shall so notify the trust bank or uninsured bank, which shall thereafter value such asset as directed by the commissioner.

Sec. 199. Subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of section 36a-222 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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3788 (2) If an independent person is appointed receiver or conservator, 3789 the cost and expenses incurred in the liquidation, reorganization or 3790 administration of the bank or credit union, including any funds paid 3791 by the commissioner to the receiver or conservator [prior to] before the 3792 bank or credit union [being] was placed in receivership or 3793 conservatorship, shall be paid out of the funds of the bank or credit 3794 union, subject to the approval of the court.

Sec. 200. Section 36a-226 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

The receiver shall, as soon after the receiver's appointment as is practicable, make and return to the court an inventory and appraisal of the assets of the Connecticut bank or Connecticut credit union or estate in receivership, verified by oath according to the receiver's best knowledge, information and belief, and shall, from time to time thereafter, make and return such additional or supplementary inventories and valuations, and render such reports of the receiver's actions and statements of accounts, as are necessary for the information of the court or as are required by the order of the court. The receiver shall hold all the assets which come into the receiver's possession as such receiver, subject to the order of the court, and shall convert such assets into money with all reasonable dispatch. The receiver shall deposit money collected on behalf of such bank or credit union in a bank, a Connecticut credit union, a federal credit union, an out-of-state bank that maintains in this state a branch, as defined in section 36a-410, or an out-of-state credit union that maintains in this state a branch, as defined in section 36a-435b. In cases of doubt or difficulty, the receiver may, upon written application, ask the advice of the court as to the manner in which the receiver shall execute the receiver's trust. The court may, from time to time, on its own motion, or on complaint of any interested party, make all necessary and proper orders as to the proceedings and actions of the receiver.

Sec. 201. Subsection (c) of section 36a-237 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from

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(c) In the event of liquidation of a Connecticut credit union, the assets of the Connecticut credit union or the proceeds from any disposition of the assets shall be applied and distributed in the following sequence: (1) All fees and assessments due the commissioner; (2) claims of secured creditors up to the value of their collateral; (3) the costs and expenses of liquidation; (4) the wages due the employees of the Connecticut credit union; (5) the costs and expenses incurred by creditors in successfully opposing the release of the Connecticut credit union from certain debts as allowed by the commissioner; (6) all taxes owed to the United States or any other governmental unit; (7) all other debts owed to the United States or any other governmental unit; (8) claims of general creditors and secured creditors to the extent that their claims exceed the value of their collateral; (9) claims of members, to the extent of uninsured share accounts, and the organization that insured the share accounts of the Connecticut credit union; (10) in the event of liquidation of a Connecticut credit union that is a corporate Connecticut credit union, as defined in section 36a-435b, membership capital, and then paid-in capital; and (11) in the event of liquidation of a Connecticut credit union that has received a low-income designation from the National Credit Union Administration under 12 CFR 701.34, as from time to time amended, any outstanding secondary capital accounts.

Sec. 202. Subdivision (1) of subsection (j) of section 36a-237f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(j) (1) The Banking Commissioner shall deposit all money available for the benefit of persons who have not filed a claim and are, according to <u>the</u> bank's records, depositors and creditors of a trust bank or uninsured bank in receivership in a bank, Connecticut credit union, federal credit union, [an] out-of-state bank that maintains in this state a branch, as defined in section 36a-410, or out-of-state credit union that maintains in this state a branch, as defined in section 36a-435b. The

3854 commissioner shall pay the nonclaiming depositors and creditors on 3855 demand the undisputed amount, based on the bank's records, held for 3856 their benefit.

- Sec. 203. Subsection (a) of section 36a-237h of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
- (a) [For the purposes of this section, persons] Persons entitled to protection under this section shall be: (1) All receivers or conservators of trust banks or uninsured banks, including present and former receivers and conservators; and (2) the employees of such receivers or conservators. Attorneys, accountants, auditors and other professional persons or firms who are retained by the receiver or conservator as independent contractors, and their employees, shall not be considered employees of the receiver or conservator for purposes of this section.
 - Sec. 204. Subdivision (38) of subsection (a) of section 36a-250 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (38) Even if not expressly authorized to exercise fiduciary powers, act as trustee or custodian of a plan which qualifies as part of a retirement plan for self-employed individuals or an individual retirement account under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, if the governing instrument limits the investment of the funds held pursuant to such plan to the following investments: [(1)] (A) Savings deposits and time deposits; and [(2)] (B) with respect to retirement plans for selfemployed individuals, notes of members in such plans which evidence the indebtedness of such members for funds borrowed from the plans. Funds held pursuant to any plan which so qualifies may be deposited in any Connecticut bank without regard to any statutory limit on the amount which such bank may have on deposit from one depositor.
- Sec. 205. Subsection (a) of section 36a-380 of the general statutes is

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repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) Except as provided in this section, no corporation, other than a bank or out-of-state bank that maintains in this state a branch as defined in section 36a-410, shall have or exercise in this state the power to receive, by grant, assignment, transfer, devise, bequest or otherwise, any money, securities or other personal property, or any interest in real estate from any person or corporation in trust, to hold, manage or dispose of the same for the benefit of any third person or corporation, or to accept or execute any such trust, unless such corporation is specifically empowered so to act by a general statute of this state or by a special act of the General Assembly. Any corporation so empowered to act as trustee, other than such bank or out-of-state bank, shall, before so acting, obtain a license from the commissioner as provided in subsection (b) of this section.
- Sec. 206. Subsection (b) of section 36a-468b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) The Connecticut credit union proposing to convert shall file an application with the commissioner. Such application shall include [(A)] (1) a plan of conversion adopted by a majority vote of the governing board and a copy of the governing board's resolution adopting the plan of conversion, [(B)] (2) a proposed written notice of the date, time and place of a regular or special meeting of the members of the converting Connecticut credit union for the vote on the proposed conversion, including a proposed form of any proxy and mail ballot, [(C)] (3) proof of compliance with all applicable federal laws to effect the conversion, and [(D)] (4) any additional information as the commissioner may require.
 - Sec. 207. Subsection (g) of section 36a-468b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- 3918 (g) The converting credit union shall, within ninety days after the 3919 receipt of a charter as a federal credit union: [(A)] (1) File with the 3920 Secretary of the State a certificate, signed by any two officers under 3921 oath, stating that the credit union has converted to a federal credit 3922 union pursuant to this section and the approval of the commissioner; 3923 [(B)] (2) obtain from the Secretary of the State one or more certified 3924 copies of the certificate and the commissioner's approval; and [(C)] (3) 3925 record the certified copies in the office of the town clerk of each town 3926 in this state where such credit union owns real property.
- Sec. 208. Subdivision (2) of section 36a-645 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (2) "Creditor" means [(i)] (A) any person to whom a debt is owed by a consumer debtor and such debt results from a transaction occurring in the ordinary course of such person's business, or [(ii)] (B) any person to whom such debt is assigned. "Creditor" shall not include a consumer collection agency, as defined in section 36a-800, or any department or agency of the United States, this state, any other state, or any political subdivision thereof.
 - Sec. 209. Subsection (b) of section 36a-685 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) Proof that an extension of credit was made at an annual rate exceeding forty-five per cent calculated according to the actuarial method, and that the creditor then had a reputation for the use or threat of use of violence or other criminal means to cause harm to the person, reputation or property of any person to collect extensions of credit or to punish the nonrepayment thereof, is prima facie evidence that the extension of credit was unenforceable under subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 210. Subsection (c) of section 42a-4-104 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*

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- 3950 *passage*):
- 3951 (c) "Control" as provided in section [42a-106] <u>42a-7-106</u> and the following definitions in other articles apply to this article:
- T1 "Acceptance". Section 42a-3-409.
 T2 "Alteration". Section 42a-3-407.
- T3 "Cashier's check". Section 42a-3-104.
- T4 "Certificate of deposit". Section 42a-3-104.
- T5 "Certified check". Section 42a-3-409.
- T6 "Check". Section 42a-3-104.
- T7 "Good faith". Section 42a-3-103.
- T8 "Holder in due course". Section 42a-3-302.
- T9 "Instrument". Section 42a-3-104.
- T10 "Notice of dishonor". Section 42a-3-503.
- T11 "Order". Section 42a-3-103.
- T12 "Ordinary care". Section 42a-3-103.
- T13 "Person entitled to enforce". Section 42a-3-301.
- T14 "Presentment". Section 42a-3-501.
- T15 "Promise". Section 42a-3-103.
- T16 "Prove". Section 42a-3-103.
- T17 "Teller's check". Section 42a-3-104.
- T18 "Unauthorized signature". Section 42a-3-403.

This act sha	all take effect as follow	vs and shall amend the following
Section 1	from passage	1-1g(b)
Sec. 2	from passage	1-58(c)
Sec. 3	from passage	1-226(b)
Sec. 4	from passage	2-32b(c)
Sec. 5	from passage	3-13c
Sec. 6	from passage	3-21b(b)
Sec. 7	from passage	3-25(a)
Sec. 8	from nassage	3-119(a)

Sec. 9	from passage	4-7(b)
Sec. 10	from passage	4-20(b)
Sec. 11	from passage	4-58a(b)
Sec. 12	from passage	4-67m(b)
Sec. 13	from passage	4-85(a)
Sec. 14	from passage	4-85(c)
Sec. 15	from passage	4-168(a)
Sec. 16	from passage	4-168(g)
Sec. 17	from passage	4-170(c)
Sec. 18	from passage	4-173(a) and (b)
Sec. 19	from passage	4a-67h(c)
Sec. 20	from passage	4a-72(b)
Sec. 21	from passage	4b-23(b)
Sec. 22	from passage	4b-52(a)
Sec. 23	from passage	4b-53(d)
Sec. 24	from passage	4b-58(b)
Sec. 25	from passage	5-142(c) and (d)
Sec. 26	from passage	5-158b(b)
Sec. 27	from passage	5-160(f)
Sec. 28	from passage	5-161(e)
Sec. 29	from passage	5-164(d)
Sec. 30	from passage	5-164a(d)
Sec. 31	from passage	5-165(b)
Sec. 32	from passage	5-166
Sec. 33	from passage	5-167(a) and (b)
Sec. 34	from passage	5-169(h)
Sec. 35	from passage	5-170(b)
Sec. 36	from passage	5-200(n)
Sec. 37	from passage	7-34a(a)
Sec. 38	from passage	7-69
Sec. 39	from passage	7-137c
Sec. 40	from passage	7-148b
Sec. 41	from passage	7-294a
Sec. 42	from passage	8-26a(b)(2)
Sec. 43	from passage	8-208b(a)
Sec. 44	from passage	8-218(f) and (g)
Sec. 45	from passage	8-219e(a)
Sec. 46	from passage	8-268(a)
Sec. 47	from passage	9-323
Sec. 48	from passage	9-371b

Sec. 49	from passage	10-145b(k)(1)
Sec. 50	from passage	10a-185(d)
Sec. 51	from passage	12-81r(c)
Sec. 52	from passage	12-285c(f)
Sec. 53	from passage	12-412(82)(A)
Sec. 54	from passage	12-574c(b)
Sec. 55	from passage	14-36a(e)
Sec. 56	from passage	14-44j(g)(2)
Sec. 57	from passage	14-44k(i)
Sec. 58	from passage	14-96a(b)
Sec. 59	from passage	14-196(b)
Sec. 60	from passage	14-223a
Sec. 61	from passage	14-250(a)
Sec. 62	from passage	14-250(d)
Sec. 63	from passage	15-13(c)
Sec. 64	from passage	15-98(a)
Sec. 65	from passage	16-19f(c)
Sec. 66	from passage	16a-29
Sec. 67	from passage	16a-41h(a) and (b)
Sec. 68	from passage	17a-50(b)
Sec. 69	from passage	17b-105b
Sec. 70	from passage	17b-267(b) and (c)
Sec. 71	from passage	17b-274d(f)
Sec. 72	from passage	17b-360(e), (f) and (g)
Sec. 73	from passage	18-87
Sec. 74	from passage	18-101i
Sec. 75	from passage	18-101k(a)
Sec. 76	from passage	19a-281(b)
Sec. 77	from passage	19a-315c(c) and (d)
Sec. 78	from passage	19a-509a(b)
Sec. 79	from passage	19a-509a(d)
Sec. 80	from passage	20-13e(a) and (b)
Sec. 81	from passage	20-34(b)
Sec. 82	from passage	20-114(b)
Sec. 83	from passage	20-197
Sec. 84	from passage	20-248
Sec. 85	from passage	20-319(b)
Sec. 86	from passage	20-329f(a)
Sec. 87	from passage	21-41(b)
Sec. 88	from passage	22-39

Sec. 89	from passage	22-39f
Sec. 90	from passage	22-351(a)
Sec. 91	from passage	22-355(a)
Sec. 92	from passage	22-355(c)
Sec. 93	from passage	22a-6b(e)
Sec. 94	from passage	22a-41(b)(1)
Sec. 95	from passage	22a-94(e) and (f)
Sec. 96	from passage	22a-109(a)
Sec. 97	from passage	22a-112(b)
Sec. 98	from passage	22a-112(d)
Sec. 99	from passage	22a-128(a)
Sec. 100	from passage	22a-135(b)
Sec. 101	from passage	22a-178(g)
Sec. 102	from passage	22a-200(4)
Sec. 103	from passage	22a-200a(b)
Sec. 104	from passage	22a-200b(e)
Sec. 105	from passage	22a-209d
Sec. 106	from passage	22a-234a(d)
Sec. 107	from passage	22a-449c(a)(2)
Sec. 108	from passage	22a-471(a)(3)
Sec. 109	from passage	22a-471(f)(1)
Sec. 110	from passage	22a-471a
Sec. 111	from passage	22a-478(c)(8)
Sec. 112	from passage	25-68d(a)
Sec. 113	from passage	25-68d(d)
Sec. 114	from passage	25-68m(b)
Sec. 115	from passage	25-109f(b)
Sec. 116	from passage	26-17a(c)
Sec. 117	from passage	26-27(a)
Sec. 118	from passage	26-92
Sec. 119	from passage	26-192e(c)
Sec. 120	from passage	26-216
Sec. 121	from passage	26-235(d)
Sec. 122	from passage	27-102n(a)
Sec. 123	from passage	27-106(a)
Sec. 124	from passage	27-122a(c)
Sec. 125	from passage	27-138c
Sec. 126	from passage	28-9c(b)
Sec. 127	from passage	29-9(b)
Sec. 128	from passage	29-260(b) and (c)

Sec. 129	from passage	29-307a(c)
Sec. 130	from passage	29-313(c)
Sec. 131	from passage	29-349(d) and (e)
Sec. 132	from passage	30-1(14)
Sec. 133	from passage	30-86a(a)
Sec. 134	from passage	30-91(g)
Sec. 135	from passage	31-33(d)
Sec. 136	from passage	31-225a(c)(1)
Sec. 137	from passage	31-235(a)
Sec. 138	from passage	31-236b(a)
Sec. 139	from passage	31-273(b)(2)
Sec. 140	from passage	32-9qq(e)
Sec. 141	from passage	32-70d
Sec. 142	from passage	38a-363(a)
Sec. 143	from passage	42-103c(c)
Sec. 144	from passage	42-116t(d)
Sec. 145	from passage	42-133w(b)
Sec. 146	from passage	42-205
Sec. 147	from passage	42-240(4)
Sec. 148	from passage	45a-56(b)
Sec. 149	from passage	45a-56(d)
Sec. 150	from passage	45a-82(c)
Sec. 151	from passage	45a-187(a)
Sec. 152	from passage	45a-676(c)
Sec. 153	from passage	45a-690(4)
Sec. 154	from passage	46a-11(5)(B)
Sec. 155	from passage	46a-58(c)
Sec. 156	from passage	46a-82e(d)(4)
Sec. 157	from passage	46b-38c(e)
Sec. 158	from passage	46b-231(m)(1)
Sec. 159	from passage	46b-231(m)(4)
Sec. 160	from passage	47-5(c)
Sec. 161	from passage	47-12a(a)
Sec. 162	from passage	47-70a(b)
Sec. 163	from passage	47-88(c)
Sec. 164	from passage	47-90a(c)
Sec. 165	from passage	47-206(b)
Sec. 166	from passage	47-237(e)
Sec. 167	from passage	47-245(d)
Sec. 168	from passage	47a-30(a)

Sec. 209	from passage	36a-685(b)
Sec. 210	from passage	42a-4-104(c)

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